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JAWAHAR RUSHES POST-HASTE TO BOMBAY

RIOTING IN ALDERSHOT DETENTION CAMP

Br. Soldiers Yell Defiance From Roof: Building Seriously Damaged

ALDERSHOT Feb. 24. (Reuter): British soldiers at Aldershot detention barracks- the original "glass house" of the British army slang—rioted during tea-time yesterday as if by a pre-arranged signal and began throwing plates and wooden missiles in all directions. Two men were injured. Extra guards were rushed to the scene, a cordon was thrown round the main hall but apparently some of the rioters got through, reached the glass roof from which the building gets its name of "Glasshouse"—and began tearing up the roof slates and pieces of masonery and throwing them at the guards and patrolling troops.

Steel helmeted army firemen who were ordered to turn hoses on the rioters also came in for a shower of missiles. Mobile troops were called from Aldershot District and formed an iron ring around the barracks itself.

Searchlights and floodlights were used to illuminate the outside of the building, in case any of the men tried to break out.

At two o'clock this morning several rioters were still on the roof yelling defiance at the guards besieging them and firemen were still at work with their hoses.

The "Glasshouse", it is stated, now has little glass left, many windows and skylight having been smashed. Serious damage was done to the interior of the building including a number of cells.

About 300 men are detained at the barracks many of them serving sentences up to two years.

It is not known how many prisoners were actually involved in the disturbance, for some were locked in their cells when it started. No serious casualties have been reported.

MUTINEERS FIRE MAIN BLOCK

Handcuffed And Removed After Surrender

In a last gesture of defiance before surrendering, rioters in Aldershot "Glasshouse" mutiny tonight set fire to the main block.

Collecting three vast pyres of bedding, clothing and broken furniture they set them alight and then hooted derision as men of the army fire service fought for an hour to subdue the outbreaks.

As the flames died down in the dripping shambles that had been the main block the men were rounded up and marched out, handcuffed and surrounded by a strong guard.

Some of them put up a struggle, but most went quietly.

To prevent any further trouble they were split into parties and taken off in lorries to two different centres.

Sardar Disapproves Students' Hartal

SAYS IT WILL HINDER PEACE RESTORATION

Urges Authorities To Withdraw Military; Call To Workers To Go To Work

BOMBAY, FEB. 24 (A.P.I.): STRONG DISAPPROVAL OF ANY HARTAL BY STUDENTS TOMORROW IS EXPRESSED BY SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL, IN AN APPEAL ISSUED TONIGHT. THE SARDAR HOPES THAT THE AUTHORITIES WILL SEE THE WISDOM OF WITHDRAWING THE MILITARY AS "DEMONSTRATION OF SUCH FORCE WORKS AS A CONTINUAL IRRITANT, PARTICULARLY AT A TIME WHEN IT IS WHOLLY UNNECESSARY."

Sardar Patel says: "At last the situation in Bombay has been showing signs of improvement since this afternoon, and there has been no ugly incident since then. The demonstrations which led to the fearful havoc of the last three days were uncalled for. The ratings needed no sympathy of this sort, as their grievances which were legitimate were being attended to. If my advice, not to observe any hartal had been allowed to be heeded on the first day, Bombay would have escaped the regrettable events which resulted in such heavy loss of life and property. But unfortunately people were misled by irresponsible advice that such demonstrations were necessary in the interests of the ratings. The time for plainspeaking has not yet come, but at present I can only say that the city had little idea of the very serious consequences, which would have followed, if they had not accepted my advice. The demonstrations, in any event, were unjustifiable after the ratings had gone to work, and can only be attributed to mischievous and interested motives.

"REFUSE TO BE MISLED"

The ugly hooliganism and the consequent military action, which no doubt, has been indiscriminate, has cost many innocent lives, including those of four young members of the Peace Brigade, who died of bullet-wounds while on duty. This has also weakened the power and strength of organised public opinion in the city. Now that the situation is being restored to normal, the public should refuse to be misled by any irresponsible advice and discontinue the hartal. The mills should begin to work with their full complements and the people should resume their normal work.

STUDENTS URGED NOT TO STAGE HARTAL

"I understand that the Communist section of the students known as the 'Students Federation', under the inspiration of the Communist Party, is trying to stage a hartal. This would naturally result in reviving trouble, which has just begun to subside. I would, therefore, appeal to the students, as well as to the public, to desist from staging any demonstration, which would prevent the early restoration of normal conditions.

"I hope that the authorities will also see the wisdom of withdrawing the military, as the demonstration of such force works as a continual irritant, particularly now, when it is wholly unnecessary."

S. K. PATIL'S APPEAL

BOMBAY Feb. 24. (A. P. I.): "Since the city has shown definite signs of returning to the normal today, the Congress expects the Police Commissioner to withdraw the military pickets and join in the restoration of normal conditions," says Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in a statement to Press. Mr. Patil expresses the opinion that panicky conditions are bound to persist, so long as military pickets patrol the streets.

COMMUNIST APPEAL TO RESUME WORK

BOMBAY, Feb. 24. (A.P.I.): The Bombay Committee of the Communist Party of India, which had asked the workers of mills and factories in Bombay to declare a general strike has issued an appeal to all the workers to resume work from tomorrow.

DELHI FORGING ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AGAINST S. AFRICA?

NEW DELHI, Feb. 24 (U.P.I.) The "United Press of India" reliably learns that the question of applying economic sanctions against South Africa and of withdrawing India's High Commissioner in South Africa is under active consideration in New Delhi.

JINNAH PLEADS FOR PROTECTION OF WEAK

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24. (A.P.I.) Mr. Jinnah in the course of a speech said:—

"Some events of deep concern and regret have occurred in recent weeks in Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi and many other places in India. There have been burnings and lootings and hartals. It is our undeniable right to hold meetings and processions. We have the right to condemn Government where it goes against the interests of the people. But much damage has been caused to properties. This is a matter of deep regret. To oppress anybody, to make anybody suffer is against Islam. It is our duty to protect the weak and particularly those belonging to the small minority communities. They must not be made to suffer. There is no glory in making them suffer. If we have to fight against any community, we ought to do it gloriously and manfully and like men, however powerful that adversary may be."

Mr. Jinnah spoke in Urdu.

Posts And Telegraphs Impending Strike

NEW DELHI, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): The Federation of Postal and Telegraphs Unions have notified the authorities that they would go on strike from March 24, if no practical consideration, in the meanwhile, is given to its demands. The Federation consists of seven unions and claims a membership of over 90 per cent of the P. and T. non-gazetted staff. Diwan Chamanlal, M.L.A. (Central) is the President of the Federation.

Worried Over Happenings

CANCELS ELECTION TOUR PROGRAMME

To Place His Services At The Disposal Of Citizens

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.)—Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru is leaving for Bombay today.

Pandit Jawaharlal in a statement to the press says: "For two days, I was in Garhwal cut off from newspaper. I returned last night and learnt of the serious developments in Bombay. I feel I must go there to be of such service as I can. All other engagements and election tours will have to be cancelled accordingly.

I regret greatly to upsetting programmes that have already been made, but I feel the friends and colleagues will understand and excuse me. In particular, I have to apologise to my comrades in Jharia, Jamshedpur, Chota Nagpur, Cawnpore, Jhansi, Agra, Shikahabad, Tundla, Etawa and other places fixed up for my programme.

"I hope they will appreciate my difficulty and forgive me for not sticking to my programme. I hope in future, when I have chance, I will visit these places. Meanwhile, I trust that in the elections that are coming, all voters will vote for Congress candidates and thus demonstrate their will to freedom and independence, which is the main issue. All else is secondary."

NEHRU ABANDONS BIHAR TOUR

PATNA, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who was to have come to Bihar again shortly on an electioneering tour has cancelled his programme for this Province. In a telephonic conversation with Sadaqat Ashram, the headquarters of the Bihar Provincial Congress, Pandit Nehru told Dr. Rajendra Prasad today that he was required urgently in Bombay and expressed his regret to abandon his Bihar tour.

"This is bound to cause disappointment", says Dr. Rajendra Prasad in a statement, "but as the situation in Bombay demands his immediate presence, I trust people will accept it, having regard to the urgency of the work in Bombay and the larger interests of the country."

Azad Meets Congress Leaders And Workers

PESHAWAR, Feb. 24, (A.P.I.): Maulana Abul K. Azad who arrived here last evening met Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Dr. Khan Sahib, Khan Ali Gul Khan, President of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, and Hakim Abdul Jalik Nadvi, President of the Peshawar Congress Committee. He also met some Congress Workers who came to see him.

Maulana Azad is attending a meeting of the Congress Parliamentary party today at 3 p. m. at the residence of Dr. Khan Sahib where he is staying.

AZAD ADVISES RESTRAINT

LAHORE, Feb. 24, (APA): The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in an informal chat with Punjab Congress leaders and newsmen said yesterday: "Things have reached a stage in India when they are going to be decided one way or the other."

Maulana Azad advised the country "caution and restraint at the present moment when India's struggle for freedom has reached the final stage."

The Congress President said he thought the Bombay and Karachi rising were "rather ill-advised."

"The R.I.N. ratings did not consult us before embarking on the step they took."

Azad - Wavell Meeting

LAHORE, Feb. 24, (APA): A Wavell-Azad meeting is again taking place in Delhi Monday afternoon. The Congress President, is flying back to Delhi from Peshawar on Monday morning to be in time for his conference with the Viceroy at 3 p.m.

U. P. I. VERSION

LAHORE, Feb. 24. (U.P.I.): A meeting between the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, and H.E. the Viceroy will take place on Tuesday (February 26) at Delhi. They, it is understood, will discuss the food situation in the country.

Maulana Azad, according to his present programme, will leave Peshawar on February 26 morning for Delhi. A special plane has been chartered for the Maulana to carry him back from Peshawar to Delhi.

He arrive at Lahore on February 27 and address a meeting of newly elected members of the Congress Assembly Party the same day.

Turn For Better—But Not All Quiet

Crowds Fired On In 3 Places; Peace Brigades Active

BOMBAY, Sunday

For the major part of the day, the city showed signs of a quick switch-back to normalcy.

Though trams and buses were not running beyond Crawford Market, people were moving about with an air of confidence in the affected areas.

PEACE BRIGADES ACTIVE

"Peace Brigades" of the Congress and the Muslim National Guards moved in lorries, fitted with loud-speakers, and appealed to the public to call off the hartal and return to work.

MAHATMA'S ADVICE BROADCAST

In the labour area and Shivaji Park, in the north, which figured prominently in the previous day's flareup, Congress Peace Brigades were broadcasting Gandhiji's advice and appealing to the workers to resume work. The Muslim National Guards moved about Mohommedali Road and the surrounding localities and appealed to the public to pay heed to Mr. Jinnah's advice and go back to work.

FIRING AT DADAR & THAKURDWAR

As a result of Military firing at two places, Shivaji Park and Thakurdwar, four persons were wounded.

The Governor of Bombay with the Chief Presidency Magistrate went to the office of the Police Commissioner today, and discussed the ways and means of bringing the situation under control immediately.

JAWAHAR IN CITY TODAY

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will arrive in Bombay today, (Monday), and he is believed to have expressed himself worried at the developments which have taken place in Bombay. It is understood that he has wired to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel of his proposed trip to Bombay.

270 Dead: Over 1,700 Wounded

The situation in the city was described as "Quiet" by a police officer who returned to Headquarters from a tour of the disturbed areas at 7 p.m.

The total deathroll at midnight was 270 and the total number of casualties admitted in hospitals is 1,260. Besides this, it is understood another 500 persons at least were treated in hospitals and private dispensaries and allowed to go.

The casualties had reached such a peak figure that the G. T. and Harkisondas hospitals could not accommodate any more. In the K. E. M. and J. J. Hospitals patients already occupying beds had to be discharged before time to make room for bullet cases.

At a conservative estimate the number of lorries, motor cars and Municipal vans burnt in the city during the three hectic days of disturbances in the various affected areas is computed to be over 300.

Many bodies of Hindu and Muslim victims of police and military firing were taken to crematoriums and cemeteries, respectively, in large processions with honours accorded to soldiers.

These processions carried with them Congress, Muslim League and Communist Flags and shouted the slogans "Hindu-Muslim Ek Sath", "Delhi Chalo Ek Sath."

ONLY FIVE MILLS WORK FULLY

Only five mills worked with full complements to-day. Eleven worked with partial complements. Six of the latter had to close as stones were thrown at them.

At the Spring Mills at Naigaum mobs which threw stones were dispersed with gunfire.

At Bhendi Bazar a mob which attacked the Fire Brigade which arrived there in response to a false alarm was lathi-charged by the police.

A police officer was menacingly surrounded by a crowd at Khetwadi at 10 a.m. He made good his escape by opening fire with his revolver.

FIRING AT THAKURDWAR

At Thakurdwar, the Bank Silver Company's premises were broken open at midnight yesterday and its contents mostly articles of gold and silver burgled. There were fresh attempts made by mobs to loot the place again this morning but the police and the military foiled them by opening fire.

The mill area was the only locality to-day where trees and lamp-posts had been uprooted overnight and fresh barricades raised on the roads.

At Shivaji Park there was much excitement in the morning when large crowds attacked police and military personnel engaged in clearing the debris of charred lorries and other barricades in the streets. Fire was open and two persons were injured.

Due to curfew, the B. B and C. I. Railway Suburban Service stopped after 8-50 p.m., but will re-start as usual.

The G.I.P. ran the last train as per schedule, but between 8-30 p.m. and midnight, most trains were cancelled both on the main and harbour branches.

SHORT RATION SUPPLIES

As a result of irregular supply of cereals to ration shops owing to the disturbances many people who used to take their rations on Sunday had to go disappointed either with short rations or no rations at all.

Due to Curfew people got their milk late.

Curfew passes issued to some newspaper reporters by the Commissioner of Police were treated with scant respect by soldiers who patrolled in the night. One reporter was held up near the V.T. and not allowed to proceed from the spot on Saturday night.

City newspapers were sold at a record price today some even at a rupee to a rupee and a half a copy.

Though most of the streets have been cleared of charred remains and obstacles, blackened and twisted and jangled remains of cars, lorries and tram-sheds in certain parts of the city stand out as grim evidence of the last two days' mob fury.

POLICE FORCE HARRIED ON SATURDAY

Military vehicles and Police in steel helmets moved about the city, and stood in a grim array, armed "cap-a-pie." The north of Bombay, particularly Shivaji Park, came in for a good deal of attention. Police and

(Continued on page 5)

"IT WILL BE PSYCHOLOGICAL SOLACE"

Dr. Khare On Economic Sanctions Against S. Africa

LUCKNOW, Feb. 23. (A.P.I.): "The Government of India might apply economic sanctions against South Africa and call back the Indian High Commissioner as a protest against the proposed legislation by Gen. Smuts to deal with the Indian question", said Dr. N. B. Khare, Commonwealth Relations Member, in an interview to the "Associated Press of India".

The Commonwealth Relations Member stressed that taking of these steps would not itself result in an improvement of the conditions of Indians there. He said "they are not going to help our people there. Perhaps, in some respects, their position might be worse. "It will be psychological solace", he added.

Asked whether the Indian delegation on the U.N.O. Conference would raise the issue before the conference, Dr. Khare indicated that no instructions had been issued so far. It was possible even if the delegation raised the issue there, the U.N.O. would treat it as a domestic issue and might not consider the matter.

CAPTAIN LAKSHMI NOW FREE

RANGOON, Feb. 23.—The United Press of India is authoritatively informed that restrictions on Capt. Lakshmi Swaminathan have been withdrawn.

Efforts are being made for her repatriation to India.

Congress Plenary Session To Be Postponed?

NEW DELHI, Feb. 24 (U.P.I.): Talks with prominent Congress leaders in touch with the Congress President here indicate that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is feeling somewhat doubtful about the practicability of holding the next plenary session of the Congress early in May next in view of the imminence of food crisis all over India.

As a matter of fact, it is being contended by a certain section of Congress workers that in these days of restricted ration quotas for foodstuffs and also of frequent dislocation of traffic and other amenities of normal life in big cities like Bombay Delhi, Karachi, Lahore, and Calcutta, it would be very inexpedient to convene the plenary session of the Congress, which would involve the responsibility of arranging for meals and other amenities for 50,000 persons for three or four days at least.

Although the final decision in this matter would be taken by the Congress Working Committee at its next meeting, the opinion seems to be gaining strength among the Congress circles that the next Congress session is very likely to be put off till a latter part of the current year.

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Indian Merchants Chamber Chief On Admiral Godfrey's Threat

Mr. Mahomed Husein Hasham Premji, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, has issued the following statement regarding the incidents of the last two days:

"While the mishandling of the situation regarding the Royal Indian Naval Ratings by the Authorities has enacted one of the greatest tragedies of modern times, the heartening messages of Maulana Azad, Mr. Jinnah and Sardar Vallabhbhai that they would see that the fullest justice is done to them and that nobody is victimised will, to some extent, relieve the public tension which had reached far beyond the boiling point. The Royal Indian Naval Ratings have shown wisdom in accepting the advice of the Congress and I have no doubt their faith and confidence in the national leaders will be fully justified. I am, however, pained to note that Admiral Godfrey should have used language which has hurt the self-respect of every patriotic Indian. His threat to destroy the entire Indian Navy built up with Indian money to preserve the so-called British prestige in this country, is surely unworthy of the responsible position he holds. Moreover, the statement of the Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee, that none of the claims was put forward by the ratings before the recent incidents took place is not in consonance with what the War Secretary revealed yesterday in the Assembly. It is of supreme importance that those leaders who have now espoused the cause of Royal Indian Naval Ratings will make it clear that India cannot and will not tolerate such wanton destruction of Indian Navy as suggested by Admiral Godfrey or as visualised by Mr. Attlee, and bring home to all concerned the wisdom of recognising the new spirit and taking action in accordance with it.

"While every one will condemn the acts of wanton destruction on the part of the hooligan elements in the City, I am constrained to state that the indiscriminate firing on innocent people cannot be tolerated. The least that the Government should and could do is that they should hold an impartial enquiry into the matter and that non-officials enjoying the confidence of the people should be appointed on any Committee that may be constituted for that purpose."

R.I.A.F. Strike At Madras

MADRAS, Feb. 23 (A.P.I.): About 150 airmen of the R.I.A.F. stationed at the transit camp near Red Hills Lake, Madras, went on strike this morning in sympathy with the R. I. A. F. and R. I. N. in the north and for seeking redress of some of their grievances.

The strikers were quite peaceful and had a talk with their Commanding Officer, who persuaded them to return to duty, but today being a Saturday, they had no work in the afternoon.

CHARTER FOR CONSERVANCY MEN IN CEYLON

COLOMBO, Feb. 22 (A.P.I.): A Charter for Conservancy men has been formulated by the All Ceylon Urban Council and Municipal Workers Union in the form of a resolution unanimously passed at a meeting in Panadura. The island's Conservancy workers, a vast majority of whom are Indians, demand an 8-hour working day with payment for extra time, a basic wage of 2½ rupees a day, a month's full pay leave for pregnant women workers both prior to and after the confinement and free railway warrants to India and back.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF M. T. VEHICLE PARTS, DRUMS, SCRAPS ETC.

By order of the Regional Disposals Commissioner Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, 27th and THURSDAY 28th February 1946 at 10 A.M. (S.T.) at Port Salvage Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewri, big lots Drums, tins, aluminium and steel scrap M.T.V. parts, engines, etc.

Deposit 25 p. c.. Balance within 6 days, delivery in 21 days.

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Monday 25th & Tuesday 26th February at 3 P. M. each day at the sale room of the undersigned:

As previously advertised the sale of various arts & curios from the collection of Dr. Dorabjee Hormasjee will take place as stated above.

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Terms: 25% deposit in cash.

P. S. The above goods of the said Minerva Glass Works Ltd. can be inspected at its Factory at Ghod Bunder Road, (Jogeshwari), in the village of Bandivli three days before the date of Auction.

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RESIGNING LONDON LEAGUE SECRETARYSHIP

LONDON, Feb. 23. (Reuter): The man most qualified to lead India in hrr fight for independence is Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, says Mr. Sayed Abdul Majid Quraishy, General Secretary of the London Branch of the All-India Muslim League in his letter or resignation to the President Mr. Mohammad Abbas Ali.

Mr. Quraishy is leaving the League to join the pro-Congress India League because, he says the Muslim League is not representative of Mussulmans. "I can no longer associate myself with your organisation in view of its suicidal and uncompromising attitude towards our great Indian Independence movement under the able leadership of that great Socialist Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru", says Mr. Quraishy in his letter. "I have lost faith in the leadership of Mr. Jinnah and Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, because they failed to accept Pandit Nehru's offer of 95 percent Pakistan. At this crucial moment in India's history all anti-imperialist forces in India should join hands to achieve independence.

I joined the Muslim League because I believed it would fight for the cause of Muslim workers and peacants. I cannot expect this from the present leadership of the League. As a worker it is my duty to join the progressive Socialist elements in India as well as in this country."

Mr. Quraishy's resignation means that the achievents of the Muslim League branch in London during the past ten months have been seriously damaged. Four months ago, there was a split in the organisation which resulted in the formation of a second body—London District Muslim League. Mr. Quraishy became the Secretary of the All India Muslim League branch when the founder-secretary Mr. Saidur Rahman resigned to join the new organisation. Now that Mr. Quraishy has resigned, it is likely that a large proportion of Muslim workers in London will follow his example.

Mr. Mohammed Abbas Ali is a law student and it is to be expected that the student element in the branch will remain with him.

QUITS CONGRESS & JOINS LEAGUE

MADRAS, Feb. 24 (A. P. I.): Mr. Mohideen Maricair, former Parliamentary Secretary, in a communication from Negapatam, announces that he has resigned his four-anna membership of the Congress and has joined the Muslim League.

Tory M. P. On "Whiteman's Burden"

BIRMINGHAM (LINCOLNSHIRE), Feb. 23. (Reuter): The conservative Member of Parliament Mr. Cyril Osborne, speaking here to-day, declared "it is a tragic reflection that the so-called strikes of the Royal Airforce which were, in fact, nothing less than a mutiny, set an example which the Indian navy has followed.

If our own system of discipline breaks down, if there is no sense of responsibility and if the much scoffed at Whiteman's burden is not carried, how can a handful of Englishmen hope to govern that great country for the well-being of its 450 million people?

He added that however, well disposed, it was manifestly impossible to walk out of India to-day and let one and a half of the Indian population massacre the other half.

SYLHET (ASSAM), Feb. 22, (A. P. I.): After remaining 'under ground' for six years Mr. Barindra Kumar Datta, General Secretary of the Surma Valley Chha Bagan (tea garden) Mazdoor Union, has again made his appearance publicly.

DR. KHARE'S MEMORANDUM

Set Definite Date For Indian Independence

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22 (A.P.A.): Dr N. B. Khare, Member, Viceroy's Executive Council, in charge of Commonwealth Relations Department, said today that he had proposed to the British Parliamentary delegation that a definite date for Indian independence should be set and that the British Government should frame a constitution and enforce it on the nation.

In a memorandum handed to the Parliamentary Delegation on Feb. 8 Dr. Khare had suggested a six-point programme under which fresh provinces would be set up on homogenous linguistic cultural lines prior to the formulation of a single constitution and its imposition.

The moral and psychological effect of setting an independence date will be extremely great, Dr. Khare said and "most likely many of the present differences may be made up."

Dr. Khare dismissed the Muslim League's claim for Pakistan as "preposterous" saying the claim of Muslims to nationality within India "is shaky in the extreme and can be dismissed without any serious investigation.

IRISH SWEEPSTAKES GETTING UNDER WAY

The Irish Sweepstakes, now a national industry in Eire, are getting under way again, writes Patrick Quinn, Reuter's Correspondent in Dublin.

When Hitler made his pounce on Europe, he also ruined the Irish Sweepstakes—temporarily at any rate. For at that time, America headed the list of subscribers and tickets could be bought anywhere from New York to San Francisco. There were even spurious ones to be had in America and much skill was expanded on trying to defeat the forger.

But war interrupted the flow of tickets across the Atlantic and other seas, and instead of millions of pounds worth of tickets going into the drums, those that went represented only thousands of pounds.

In Eire, the Sweepstakes and regarded as a sure barometer of world prosperity. They believe that the proposed American loan to Britain if it is passed by Congress, will pave the way for the return of their Sweepstakes to their pre-war figure. When htis happens, they say, the world will have returned to normal and to prosperity.

Today, the Hospitals' Trust authorities, a statutory body who run the sweeps, under the direction of Mr. Jos McGrath, the well-known Irish race horse owner, are busy divising up-to-date means of getting tickets once more to prospective buyers in all parts of the world.

KATIAL ON U.N.O. TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

LONDON, Feb. 22 (Reuter): Dr. C. L. Katial, former Mayor of Finsbury, has been appointed member of the Technical Preparatory Committee for the Health Conference of the United Nations.

Indian and English friends of Dr. Katial have presented him with a purse of £250 in appreciation of his services for India and Indians in Britain.

Dr. Katial is the only Indian contesting the London County Council elections as a labour candidate from Finsbury Borough.

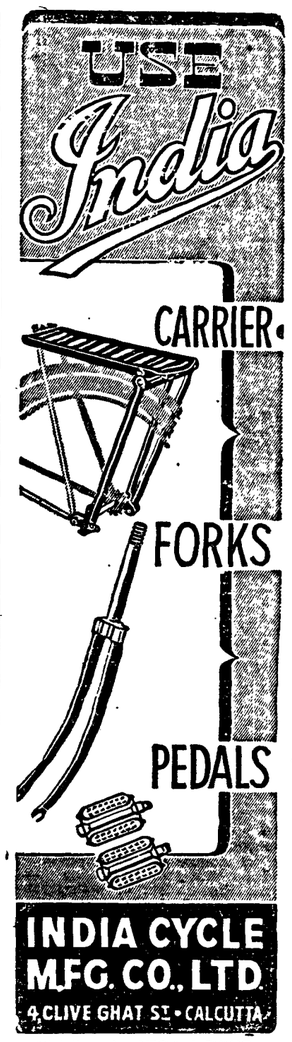
ANOTHER I.N.A. COURT MARTIAL TO OPEN ON MAR. 1

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22 (A.P.I.): It is learnt that Hav Clerk Jaswant Singh, a lieutenant in the I.N.A. Sepoy Resham Singh and Sepoy Nimbu will be tried by court martial on charges of cruelty and brutality.

The trial is likely to begin at Delhi Cantonment on March 1, 1946.

Six I.N.A Officers Released

DELHI, CANTONMENT, Feb. 22 (A.P.I.): Six I.N.A. officers were released today from Kabul Lines, Delhi Cantonment. They are Capt. S. M. V. Krishnan, Capt. S. Banerjee, Capt. Sen Gupta, Capt G. D. Verma, Lt. P. J. Madan and Lt. S N. Dey.



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MARIA MONTEZ, JON HALL

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PRAKASH PICTURES
HAMARA SANSAR
4, 6-45 & 9-30
CAPITOL
Evergreen Release

ENTRANCING MUSIC!
Jamuna Productions'
RATTAN
Starring: SWARNALATA
Daily: 4, 7, 10: Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6 p.m.
7th HOUSE-FULL WEEK
IMPERIAL
A Diamond-Select Release

WATCH FOR THE DATE!
SHREE VISHNU CINETONE'S
DEVOTIONAL HIT
BHAKTA PRALHAD
LEELA CHITNIS, ULLHAS
ANANT MARATHE DIXIT
NOVELTY
A Select Release

ACCLAIMED BY ALL!
Associated Pictures'
AMEEREE
BARUA, RAMOLA, JAMUNA
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun. 1 p.m.
3rd THUNDERING WEEK
LAMINGTON

15th WEEK OF FULL HOUSES
Eastern Pictures'
ZEENAT
Starring: NOORJEHAN
Directed by: SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sun. 1 p.m.
SUPER
A "Salma" Release

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad, 9, 2002.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 22, 1365.
Parsi: Shehrever 25, 1315.
Sunrise: 7-2 a. m.; Sunset 6-43 p.m.
Hightide: 04-34, 20-01; Lowtide: 12-03.

Domestic Occurrence

Noshirwan Nanabhai Master retired Teacher, Wilson High School, died Sunday noon. Funeral today morning, Tower of Silence, Lower Bunglee. Residence, Parsi Colony, Dadar.

Today's Engagements

P. E. N. PUBLIC LECTURE: Free public lecture on "Confessions of an Amateur Writer" by Shri Gurdial Mallik, at 6-15 p. m. today at Government Law College, behind Churchgate Station. Shrimati Sophia Wadia will preside.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting of the Corporation at 3 p. m. (Bombay Time).

BENGAL CLUB MUSIC COMPETITION: The music competition of the Bengal Club has been postponed from tomorrow to Sunday, March 3, 4 p. m. when it will be held at the Chatterjee Memorial Hall, Anglo-Bengali School, Naigaum.

CHILD ARTS SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION POSTPONED: The Hon. Secretary, Mr. C. A. Muchhala writes: The proposed Exhibition on behalf of the Society of Master Abhay Khatau's Paintings which was to be held today at the Cama Institute Hall, has been postponed. The date of the Exhibition will be announced later on in the press.

HUNSRAJ THEATRES MANGALORE: The show fixed for March 3 is postponed.

MAZDAZNAN: Art Evening meeting fixed for today is cancelled on account of Curfew Order in the city.

GUJARAT RESEARCH SOCIETY: Annual General Meeting of the Society at 5-30 p. m. today in the lecture hall of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society. Mr. R. G. Gyani, Curator, Archaeological Section, Prince of Wales Museum, Bombay will speak on "The Navigation and Shipping of Gujarat in the Ancient and Mediaeval Periods."

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: With immediate effect commercial telegrams to and from Hankow Peiping, Shanghai, Tientsin and Tsingtan in China no longer limited to ascertain facts and exchanging information.

W. I. L. TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP: The Western India Lawn Tennis Championship will commence at the Bombay Gymkhana Court's from today (Monday), at 3-30 p. m.

NUTRITION EXHIBITION: The Nutrition Exhibition which was to be inaugurated to-day (Monday) has been postponed.

B. B. & C. I. RLY.
Main Line Services Resumed

A Press Note issued by the B. B. and C. I. Railway authorities stated that the Main Line train services have been resumed as staff have returned to work, and that on account of the Curfew in the island of Bombay, the suburban service has been curtailed at night.

The last train to arrive at Churchgate was 374 up at 8-42 p. m.

The last train to leave Churchgate was 377 down at 8-50 p. m.

Telegrams Delivery In City

BOMBAY, Feb. 23 (A.P.I.): A telegraph notification states: Owing to disturbances in different parts of the city, it is regretted that the telegram delivery service has been partially disorganised. The public are advised to call for their telegrams at the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.

GANDHIJI STILL A "POTENT FORCE"

He Is Very Anxious To See Transition To Swaraj Carried Through Without Violence Says Lord Chorley

LONDON FEB. 24. (Reuter)—The tendency to blame the British for everything that goes wrong in India is so strong that we shall certainly be accused of causing famine, writes Lord Chorley, member of the British Parliamentary Delegation which has just returned from India, in today's "Sunday Observer."

He adds: "Already whispers of a 'man-made famine' were in the air. This will very likely give rise to a tense situation just at the time when the political problem is at its most acute and will accentuate the difficulties already almost overwhelming.

"The American public have always taken great interest in the question of Indian freedom. They are in a better position than any other people to provide much needed food for India and thereby to assist in securing smooth transition. Is it too much to hope that they will play their part?"

"TAX THE RICH"

Commenting first on "astonishing contrasts" of riches and poverty in India, Lord Chorley states "There appears to be an undue degree of luxury among the rich and a wealthy Indian remarked to me that had the British Government in India taxed the rich in the interests of social progress to the same extent as had been done at home, half the grievances of the Indian people against Britain would never have arisen.

Lord Chorley adds: "I am inclined to think that we have in fact ruled India too much in the interests of the rich.

DEMAND FOR INDEPENDENCE

"The demand for independence has reached fever heat passion and if the members of the delegation were agreed about one thing, it was on the danger of sitting on a safety valve any longer.

The yoke under which thousands of Indians are kept in prison for political offences, hundreds of them without charge or trial, cannot be described as light."

Referring to Indians' admiration for members of the Indian National army, Lord Chorley comments "nothing persuaded us, more compellingly of the overwhelming desire of Indians to be quit of the British Raj than this attitude."

Observing that the problem of Pakistan is now second only to that of Indian Independence, he adds "statesmanship of a very high order must be displayed on all sides if the problems raised by the Pakistan issue are to be solved without a bitter civil war".

Recalling the delegations' two long talks with Mahatma Gandhi, Lord Chorley says: "He is very anxious to see the transition to Swaraj carried through without violence and should prove a moderating influence. He is still a potent force."

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1.
Monday, Feb. 25.

8 a.m. News (H). 8-15 News (E). 8-30 Krishna Rao Kolhapurey. 8-50 News (M). 9 News (G). 9-10 R. N. Paradekar. 9-30 S. S. Javali: Vocal. 12 Women's Programme. 12-45 News (M). 12-50 News (G). 12-55 News (H). 1 Stage songs. 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Music. 4-20 School broadcast. 5 Krishna Rao Kolhapurey. 5-15 "Dasnavami programme." 5-45 Topical talk. 5-55 Local. 6 "Kavya Wachan". 6-15 Sudhir Phadke. 6-30 News (E). 6-90 News (H). 6-45 Duhani Ramzat. 7 "Our musical instruments". 7-30 Laxmibai Kelkar. 8 Bhadram Bhadra-no-Punaravatar. 8-15 News (M). 8-30 News (G). 8-45 "Tyachi Tisari Bayko". 9 News (H). 9-15 News (E). 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-40 Programme parade. 9-45 "This week in Bombay." 10 Laxmibai Kelkar. 10-30 S. S. Javali: (Vocal).

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Pears Soap has been the choice of the great ladies—the great beauties—of India for over forty years. Its natural fragrance and silky lather place it apart from ordinary soaps.

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SAPRU'S TIP TO PETHICK-LAWRENCE MISSION

"Declare That You Are Determined To Transfer Real Power To India"

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 23. (A.P.I.): Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru in a statement to the Associated Press of India welcomed the appointment of Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Alexander as Cabinet Committee expected to arrive in India next month.

Sir Tej hopes Lord Pethick-Lawrence and his collegues will go straight to the main issue before them as to how best they could set up a new Central Government for the interim period which would really be a Caretaker Government and then to establish a Constitution-making body. The mission, adds Sir Tej must make it plain within the first few days of its arrival that they are determined to transfer real power to India and that they will not give the right to any party to hold up the progress of the country.

"NO HOLDING UP OF PROGRESS"

Sir Tej says: "I heartily approve the step which His Majesty's Government has taken towards the fulfilment of their pledge and I welcome the appointment of the Cabinet Committee who will be arriving in India next month. As I understand the statements made in Parliament and outside by Lord Pethick-Lawrence, they are coming out not with a view to survey the situation but to get things done. In certain respects the tercs of their appointments as announced seem to be very much better than those of the appointment as Sir Stafford Cripps in 1942. What they are aiming at is to secure the widest possible measure of agreement and are not giving right to any party to hold up the progress of the country. In the first place I think they are coming out as representing the cabinet which means they must have full authority of the Cabinet to arrive at decisions within the limits of the policy adopted by H. M. G.

Lord Lawrence has made it very plain that if it should become necessary they would be at liberty to refed any matter to the cabinet Secondly they are going to associate Lord Wavell with them and Lord Wavell's stock is pretty high in this country."

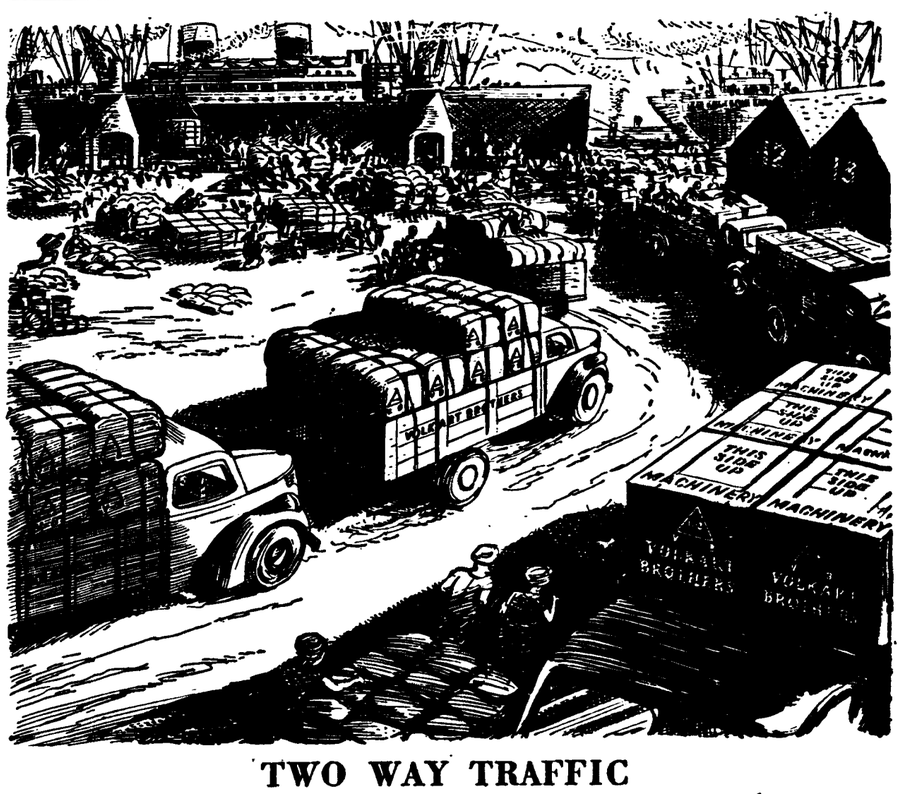
ECHO OF MONTAGUE'S VISIT

Sir T. B. Sapru referred to Mr. Montague's visit to India in 1917-18 and said: "his initial difficulty lay in winning over co-operation of the Viceroy and the Bureaucracy but he did succeed that time in winning the support of Lord Chelmsford and producing a report signed by himself and Lord Chelmsford and understood to have been written by Sir William Harris. Difference, however, in situation between 1917 and 1946 is however immense Montague's visit was followed by the arrival of two committees presided over by Lord Southbrough to one whereof I was a member. All this is out of question now.

Lord Pethick and his colleagues must go straight to the main issue before them as to how best they can set up a new central Government for the interim period which would really be a Caretaker Government and then to establish a constitution-making body. Already threats have been held out to them in certain quarters but I do sincerely hope and trust different leaders will genuinely co-operate with them in the hope of working out a solution of the difficulties that lie in our way.

REAL POWER MUST BE TRANSFERRED

I don't underrate the nature and extent of those difficulties, but without being unduly optimistic I believe that if the mission which is coming out to India makes it plain within the first few days of its arrival that they are determined to transfer real power to India, that will make people think seriously about it and put them in a mood of co-operation. It will be noticed that they have not gone into the details and it is well they have not. Personal contact will be far more useful than any discussion at this stage as to what they will do or what they won't do.



TWO WAY TRAFFIC

MERCHANDISE entering and leaving a country are yardsticks of that country's prosperity. The traffic through India's great ports increased steadily in the years before the war and present developments point to even greater increases in the future. Indian raw materials and manufactured goods are shipped all over the world while necessities from the West pour into India. This exchange spells prosperity.

For almost 100 years Volkart Brothers have been active in India's "Two Way" Trade. They have helped to establish export markets for Indian Cotton, Coir, Copra and much other produce in many parts of the globe; they have brought into India what the country needed. Today industrial and agricultural equipment, chemicals, steel tools, paper, medicines and other essentialities top the list.

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ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Feb. 24 (API): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, from 1st November 1945 and departure from normal recorded at 09-00 hours I.S.T. on 24th February, 1946.

Ahmedabad 87 65 0 0 minus 0.3. Ahmednagar 93 61 T 0.3 minus 1.4. Amraoti 93 72 0 0.3 minus 1.5. Baroda nil nil 0.2 0.3 nil. Belgaum 88 61 0 0.4 minus 1.6. Bhopal 87 62 0 0 minus 1.6. BOMBAY 87 72 0 0.4 minus 0.5. Calcutta 92 71 0 0 minus 2.4 Cherrapunji 68 52 0.2 1.5 minus 4.2. Colombo 88 74 0 9.9 minus 14.1. Delhi 77 55 0.4 0.4 minus 1.8. Gulbarga 94 73 0 1.4 minus 0.3. Honavar 89 74 0 2.3 nil. Hyderabad (Dn.) 91 67 0 0.9 minus 1.2. Hyderabad (Sd.) 90 56 0 0 minus 0.6. Karachi 87 60 0. 0.1 minus 1.1. Mahableshwar 79 56 0 0 minus 2.1. Mangalore 89 74 0 4.8 plus 2.3. Marmagao 87 75 0 0.3 minus 1.2. Ootacamund 67 40 0 9.1 minus 0.5 Poona 91 60 0 0.2 minus 1.2. Rajkot 90 57 0 0 minus 0.4 Sholapur 96 68 0 0.1 minus 1.9. Simla 46 32 0.3 1.7 minus 6.2. Surat 84 71 0 0 minus 0.6.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

By accident of fortune a man may rule the world for a time, but by virtue of love he may rule the world for ever.

—*Lao-tsze.*

The Bombay Chronicle

GANDHIJI'S APPEAL

Gandhiji's statement condemning the prevalent "thoughtless orgy of violence" has come not a day too soon. For months past if not years, there has been considerable condemnation in several quarters of thoughtless violence, subtle encouragement of "thoughtful" violence and open ridicule of non-violence under provocation or in face of physical danger. On the other hand Congress leaders do not assert, as often or as plainly as is necessary, the need for uncompromising non-violence in all circumstances. Many, therefore feared, that the Congress policy of non-violence was being allowed to be slowly and insidiously undermined and that the case for non-violence was being lost by default. We do not know if Gandhiji has fully realized this danger. However Congressmen will be grateful to him for his latest uncompromising stand for non-violence even in resistance to injustice and provocation.

Gandhiji is not content with vaguely condemning violence, He rightly condemns specifically acts like burning of tram cars, destruction of churches, insulting and injuring Europeans and coercing all into shouting particular slogans. Local leaders should not only quote Gandhiji in asking people to refrain from violence but should also specifically condemn other forms of violence which are becoming common in several cities but which are not specified by Gandhiji. If they fail to do so unthinking people may carry the impression that certain "minor" instances of violence not involving any loss of life, are likely to be condoned by Congress and they may act on that impression.

Gandhiji rightly remarks: "Let it not be said that India of the Congress spoke to the world of winning Swaraj through non-violent action and belied her word in action, and that too at the critical period in her life." But even apart from what the world may say of the Congress, it is essential that at this critical time Congress, or rather the country, needs to be scrupulously non-violent in its technique of resistance, where resistence is necessary. Violence of any kind is most thoughtless on the eve of grave negotiations. And thoughtless violence is often utterly futile and will not be justifiable even on the plea of the end justifying the means.

We have urged the people to be scrupulously non-violent Government, on its part may at least be scrupulously restrained in the use of force where it is felt to be necessary. Indiscriminate or vindictive firing, in particular, must be ruled out as it will provoke fresh and avoidable violence by excited mobs. With regard to the larger issue of Government's duty to the country, we cannot improve upon Gandhiji's most serious appeal to the Rulers. We must reproduce the whole of it. He says: "The rulers have declared their intention to "quit" in favour of Indian rule. Let the action be not delayed by a moment, because of the exhibition of distressful unrest which has been lying hidden in the breast. Their might is unquestioned. Its use beyond the bare requirement will be unworthy and even wicked, if it is made to supress the people or a portion of them. The latter have been for too long under the foreign heel." In their own interests and in those of India and world peace let the rulers ponder over every word of this brief moving appeal.

Necessary Condemnation

The Central Assembly had no difficulty in passing Mr. Asaf Ali's adjournment motion censuring the "mishandling" of the R. I. N dispute "by the immediate authorities concerned." Mr. Phillip Mason urged the House not to censure the Government or "condemn the officers unheard" as that would mean "encouragement to further acts of indiscipline" But his plea was unconvincing. He had himself explained the officers' point of view. Moreover, by the time the debate began the naval ratings' strike had been called off and they had resumed their normal routine on the assurances given by Congress and other leaders. Whatever indiscipline there was it was first started by the R.A.F., as the War Secretary himself admitted. And to prevent further indiscipline it was necessary to condemn the root cause, namely, mishandling of delicate situations by the officials concerned. It is in fact for the Government now to see that, in the words of Mr. Asaf Ali, no further steps are taken which may make the bad situation worse.

The main question before the House was what precisely was the cause of the ratings' strike. Speaker after speaker stated that one main cause was racial discrimination. The point was explained at some length by Mr. Masani, who showed how for months past complaints had been made to naval headquarters in Delhi regarding pay, food, clothing allowances, leave and travel facilities, and the invidious distinction between the terms of demobilisation between the British and the Indian demobilised personnel These grievances had been simmering for a long time and came to the surface as a result of the reported insulting behaviour of Commander King and the arrest of two ratings. One may ask why for such grievances the ratings should go so far as to mutiny. Mr. Masani explained this point, too. Under the R.I.N. rules, he said, it was extremely difficult to have grievances redressed. "One must either take it lying down or mutiny". No combined representation was permitted.

It is now generally admitted that most of the grievances, if not all, are legitimate and it is to be hoped they will be sympathetically considered by Government. Government has done well to give an assurance that there will be no victimisation or mass punishment. The public will also appreciate the War Secretary's assurance that Government will take into account the present "electric atmosphere" in the country and will take greater care to avoid anything which may lead to a general deterioration of the feeling. It will be good to all concerned if these assurances are sincerely fulfilled. As Maulana Azad, the Congress President says, a calm and peaceful atmosphere is essential for the sympathetic examination and redress of the grievances of the men of the R. I. Navy and the A. I. Air Force as in the larger interests of the country.

Frankly Speaking

Abandon The I.N.A. Trials

If the Government of India does not still realize that the decision taken by it to stage the I.N.A. trials has been one of its greatest blunders in recent years, its attitude can be attributed only to the political myopia from which it suffers, a myopia which impels it to place official prestige above political sagacity. However much officialdom may deny it, the fact remains that it was the strength of public opinion which compelled the authorities to release unconditionally the I.N.A. officers Shah Nawaz, Sehgal and Dhilon. The official communique justifying the non-commutal of the heavy sentence passed on Capt. Rashid has left the public wholly unconvinced of the need for the discrimination exercised in his case, and unless the sentence is remitted the public discontent over the unfairness of the discrimination is bound to remain. After all that has transpired since the first I.N.A. trial was staged it would be sheer, and we would even say, dangerous, folly on the part of the Government of India to persist in carrying on these trials. Mr. M. A. Jinnah is wholly justified, therefore, in suggesting that the trials should be abandoned altogether and that the sentence on Capt. Rashid should be remitted. The fetish of official prestige should not stand in the way of a timely retreat from a false position.

Britain And Russia

The House of Commons debate on Foreign Affairs brought into conspicuous relief the main and unfortunate fact of the present international situation namely, Anglo-Russian conflict. It was, however, not without its value. Mr. Ernest Bevin put forward his side of the case publicly and frankly. Full and outspoken publicity, which international diplomacy has hitherto always shunned and carefully avoided, will serve to clear the air and may, therefore, help rather than hinder, an understanding. But it is obvious that only frank criticisms and counter-criticisms cannot help matters. Mr. Bevin professes the will to be friendly, so do Messrs. Molotov and Vyshinsky. Both sides, however, have yet to do something to translate that will into reality.

Turkey

Meanwhile, we are interested in Mr. Bevin's reference to the Soviet-Turkish tension and the war of nerves to which Turkey has been subjected. We particularly welcome Mr. Bevin's stress on the historical fact that "the frontier between Turkey and Russia was fixed not by a conqueror but by defeated Turkey and a Russia who did not come out very well from the last war through no fault of her own." "This", as Mr. Bevin said, "could not be said to be an imposed frontier." We have no doubt neither Russia's demand nor Russia's policy is just or justifiable. Every one agrees that the Soviet Union, like any other country, is entitled to security and to try, as Generalissimo Stalin says, to "render the U.S.S.R.'s borders unassailable." But no country is entitled in that process to assail the borders of others, and to deprive them of their security and territory. And the bigger the Power the greater is its obligation to behave justly towards the less fortunate small countries. We are glad M. Vyshinsky has given the assurance that the Soviet Union will not resort to military action against Turkey. But there are other ways also in which a big power can bully and can continue to bully a small country.

Sino-Soviet Relations

What the real facts of the situation in Manchuria are is still a closed book to the world. No one knows exactly why the Red Army has not yet evacuated the country. It may be, as M. Sun Fo is reported to have explained, that Government forces have not yet reached there in sufficient strength. But in the meantime secrecy as to the actual situation is making matters worse. There have been reports of clashes between Government and Communist troops. And more noteworthy is the continued "Quit Manchuria" demonstration by students in Chungking. What is it all about? Whatever may be happening it is to be earnestly hoped that Sino-Soviet relations also do not join so many other casualties of the peace in the world.

Franco And Democracies

While the democracies are indulging in the luxury of an occasional verbal condemnation of Fascism in Spain, Candillo Franco is getting to work again. He is out to liquidate his socialist and other opponents whom he can lay his hands on in Spain. Some of them, it must be noted, have taken an honourable part in fighting Hitler and Mussolini during the war. Franco is murdering them despite protests by the French Government. Franco has now openly challenged the democracies. What are they going to do now? To ignore the new challenge of General Franco is clearly to accept Fascism in Spain, and to betray not only those gallant men and women who have, in fighting Franco, fought for all the democracies, but also democracy itself. Is it cowardice or what that keeps them from dealing with General Franco as he deserves to be dealt with, as, indeed, he should have been dealt with long ago?

India's Need

It is reassuring to learn that the British Government, realising the extreme gravity of the food situation in this country, has decided to give the fullest support to the plea which will be made by the Indian Food Delegation to the Combined Food Board in Washington that at least four million tons of food grains should be allocated to India this year, of which two millions should be made available to this country within the next two or three months. But it is worth noting that the Premier, Mr. Attlee, has sounded a warning that the Combined Food Board may not see its way to meet India's requirements to the full, in view of the equally critical food situation in several other parts of the world. It will not, therefore, be proper for this country to take a complacent view of the situation till the final result of the Indian food mission to the States is known. It is to sincerely hoped that the members of the Combined Food Board will be made to realise to the fullest extent the magnitude as well as gravity of the crisis which is facing India. It is extremely unfortunate that there is no representative of this country on the Combined Food Board. The Board, Mr. Gorwala asserts, has enough food and it would be wrong on its part not to release enough quantity for India.

ARAB LEAGUE & JEWISH IMMIGRATION

(From Our Correspondent)

JERUSALEM, Feb. 17, (By Mail)

CAIRO—The Arab League this morning issued the following statement: "Mr. Bevin had some time ago addressed notes concerning the admission into Palestine of 1,500 Jewish immigrants per month to the Arab Governments only and not to the Arab League. It had been the intention to convene a meeting of the League Council immediately after King Ibn Saud's visit to Cairo when the member-states of the Arab League were surprised by the British Government's decision permitting further immigration, a decision which everyone received with indignation and protest."

The statement goes on: "The rumour that Nokrashi Pasha had opposed the convening of the League Council and references to the other Arab states' reaction to it are completely void of truth. Moreover, the work of the Arab League will not be delayed by the occupation of one member-state in her international affairs."

Ismail Sidky Pasha will be able to obtain a majority in the Chamber of Deputies if the Independent Wafd Bloc, headed by Makram Ebeid Pasha, supports him, it is observed in informed circles. He can in the present circumstances depend upon the support of the Liberal Constitutional Party which has 90 seats in the Chamber and the non-party deputies who number 28. If Sidky Pasha succeeds in obtaining the support of the Independent Wafd Bloc which has 30 seats, he will gain a majority over the Saa'dists' 109 seats. Although these will form the opposition, the dissident Saa'dists' who call themselves the Liberal Saa'dists' and have 30 seats, may also support Sidky Pasha, observers add.

In all probability, the strongest opposition will come from the Wafd Party through its powerful press organs. The Party had boycotted the elections in 1944 and is not represented therefore in the Chamber.

NEW YORK PAPERS FEATURE BOMBAY RIOTS

NEW YORK, Feb. 24 (Reuter): The Bombay riots were still featured on the front pages of New York's Sunday newspapers but, only the New York 'Times' gave a three-column head.

The New York 'Herald Tribune's' leader said: "The basic causes of the riots are to be found in the political, economic and social revolutions. Despite the close friendship of America and Britain, there would be strong criticism here of attempt to maintain 'status quo' in the empire."

PEACE THEORIES THAT ARE DANGERS

Sir Norman Angell's Analysis

Sir Norman Angell, world-famous lecturer and economist, author of many books, first achieved fame in 1910, through his book "The Great Illusion" which tried to persuade nations that modern war was not worth while. Awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1933, he continually warned Britain against the dangers of Nazism. He is 71, and has lately been living in New York. Here Sir Norman analyses peace theories that are dangers.

If British relations with America, on the one side, and Russia, on the other, are to be put on a sounder basis, we must clear up confusions about certain fundamental assumptions commonly taken for granted and seldom discussed. As a consequence these assumptions have left those relations in a state of paralyzing indecision. Some are particularly damaging to any clear understanding between Britain and the United States, and as a consequence, with Russia.

Especially needing re-examination are these:—

Firstly, theories, more and more prevalent in America, with some support in Britain, that anything resembling a western bloc, based mainly on close Anglo-American co-operation, would intensify Russian suspicions and set up rival spheres of influence, and undermine "One World."

Secondly, the assumption by Progressives in the United States and Britain that all nations now desiring independence should be granted it, practically without qualification; that empires should be liquidated and colonialism ended—these being a major cause of war.

Thirdly, the assertion commonly made by Progressives that peace depends upon victory being used to promote certain social, political and economic doctrines and being made the instrument of revolutionary change.

This set of purposes or principles creates at first sight such an impression of high-minded idealism as to silence not merely criticism but any real analysis or examination. Yet they embody contradictions and fallacies such that any policy based upon them as a whole is bound to fail.

Evils Result From War

Bad economic conditions, political oppression, imperialism, uncorrected injustice, denial by ruling or privileged classes of popular right, are such vast evils that we naturally feel they must constitute the main cause of war and that the first step to peace should be their correction.

But this puts the cart before the horse. The evils are much more the result than the cause of war, which is rooted mainly in the international anarchy, the struggle of nations for preponderant individual power as the sole means of security; a struggle however, which makes the security of one the insecurity of another. We must correct the economic and social evils, but cannot unless we prevent war, and we cannot prevent war if we disregard plain facts of experience in determining its cause and cure.

When Germany began war in 1914 it was not because the German people were suffering greater poverty than others or were oppressed by the Serbians, the Russians, or the French, whom they fought. The German standard of life was high, trade expanding.

Nor was Germany a colony fighting to free itself from Imperial masters. Nor was Japan when it began war on China. Nor was Italy a colony of Ethiopia. Neither world war was caused by the revolt of colonial peoples. Whatever the offences of Britain in India or in Africa, the unrest of the peoples there played no part in precipitating either world war except in so far—and the qualification is important—as Germany argued, which she did, that the British Empire was in process of disintegration, moribund therefore a relatively easy prey. Japan may have argued similarly.

Roots Of Aggression

Internal unrest did not result in wars in India, but did in Free China which encouraged Japanese aggression. There is no evidence that the withdrawal of Britain from India or Africa would have saved them from invasions like those which China suffered. And if Germany or Japan, or both, had replaced Britain—as they probably would have done if the British Empire had been liquidated—it is doubtful that the Indian or African peoples would have gained in freedom or welfare by the change.

Nor did unresolved grievances provoke the World Wars on the Allied Side. When Britain (with France) went to war in 1914 and again in 1939 it was not because Britain herself was suffering oppression at Germany's hands or had been attacked.

Britain fought because, if German power grew, Britain would be defenceless; unable to defend even elementary rights. The same motives moved France and America.

Nor did Germany's aggressive policy arise—as we seem to fear Russian aggression might arise—from the ganging up of the western democracies against her. The reverse comes nearer the truth. Germany was tempted by her belief that Europe was so divided that it could not resist her, could not "gang up" for that purpose.

If, after 1914, the chief democracies —the United States, Britain France, the British Dominion—had stood together unitedly to form a bloc as the nucleus of a large international security system, we should not have had a second world war.

Russian Problem

The isolationism which prompted Britain and America to reject this co-operation, and America to repudiate Wilson obviously did not arise from any desire to gang up against Russia, for there was no ganging up. Moreover, Britain and France did not make war on Russia but on Germany; which we sometimes forget.

We are now asking Russia to trust her future security to a world organisation based on western principles of democracy—representation of all states, big and little, majority decision, public discussion and so forth—about which she is frankly sceptical and does not apply in her own country.

Our first job, therefore, is to show that our principles can work as between ourselves. Until we do this, Russia has little reason either to trust her security to our kind of international order or pay much regard to our views. She will be tempted to stick to the older security methods by which a small Duchy has grown into the greatest territorial empire on earth, able perhaps in its vast spaces to swallow the atomic bomb as once those spaces swallowed the armies of Napoleon.

A western combination should always be open to Russia. Its formation is not an alternative to a universal system but a road thereto, and it is an indispensable stage in the formation of an international society of sixty or seventy nations, of widely different cultures, standards, habits, who obviously cannot suddenly achieve harmony, any more than a Congress or Parliament could, except by the process of the like-minded gathering into groups, and the groups coalescing into parties to adjust differences by give and take.

Soviet Monroe Doctrine?

The American sphere of influence asserted in the Monroe Doctrine is the Western hemisphere. That policy has not lessened the independence of the twenty-odd republic it has helped to defend. The Pan-American bloc did not involve conflict with British power on the American continent, as it is feared a democratic bloc of the West would involve conflict with Russia. Indeed, it was Britain who suggested the Monroe Doctrine and supported it.

It is open to Russia, without offence to the West, to apply the Monroe principles; to say that an attack upon any one of the nations within her orbit would be regarded as an attack upon herself. If Russia leaves it at that, it will be no obstacle to a larger international organisation.

The Monroe Doctrine would not have worked, however, if the United States, insisting upon "friendly governments" in, say, Mexico, had formed a committee in Washington, and then proclaimed it the Mexican government.

All agree that absolute sovereignty is incompatible with any international society or any international government; that "sovereignty must go." Yet those who repeated this most readily tell us in the next breath that everybody must be sovereign—that is, independent: Malaya, Java, Korea, Indo-China, Burma, India, Malta, Jamaica. Even Scotland has its independence movement; and Wales; which would bring Britain back to the Heptarchy, utterly unable to defend itself against a Hitler. Had that degree of independence been achieved none of the nations of Britain or of the continent would have now any independence at all. Incidentally, a British Dominion has more independence, than a nation could have under any system of world Federation.

Anti-Social

Self-determination is not always morally justified. It is sometimes an anti-social claim. Lincoln, even at the cost of war, denied the Confederacy's claim to independence and self-determination, because he knew that, once the American Union began to break up, it would be impossible for it defend itself against the enemies of American freedom.

The war has emphasized that nations, founded on very different social and political theories, can co-operate and pool their power to defend the common right of each to live under the system it prefers. We knew the nations can do this because we have been doing it: Russia's right to remain Communist was vindicated with the help of capitalist America; America's right to remain free enterprise has been vindicated with the help of Communist Russia.

But this co-operation would have been impossible if we had assumed that our common power must promote either the one doctrine or the other. It will be impossible in the future if we try to use our power, not to defend the right to national life, to as much independence as is possible in an inter-dependent world, but to enforce some special social or economic theory. It will be impossible if we demand of Russia that she abandon Communism or of Britain that she abandon her mild Parliamentary Socialism or her Commonwealth, or her Empire, or her monarchism.

Yet various Rightist and Leftist schools demand one or other of these things. Already the Left in England has been disturbed by statements coming from the American Right that there can be no financial aid to promote British Socialism. The British Right, with much of the Left also, is disturbed by constant demands from American Leftists for the liquidation of that Commonwealth and Empire which alone enabled Britain to stand up in 1940 against the Hitlerian thrust, giving time to others to rally their forces and save their freedom.

Death Of Congress Worker

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Mr. Mofat Shah, a young and enthusiastic Congress worker who was actively associated with the work of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Employees' Association, died as a result of firing while he was returning to his home from the place of his duty at B.B. & C.I. Workshop.

Early in the morning, he went to the B.B. & C.I. Workshop to see that no incidents happen and peaceful atmosphere was maintained. Upto 11 o'clock, he stayed on to the post of his duty and after the situation was quiet, he left for his home at Pydhonie. Due to disturbances, normal traffic was dislocated and he was footing out the distance to his home at Pydhonie and all of a sudden a bullet claimed him as a victim and he was killed on the spot.

How To Canalise Hatred

By Mahatma Gandhi

Under the caption "How to Canalise Hatred", Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's 'Harijan': Hatred is in the air and impatient lovers of the country will gladly take advantage of it, if they can, through violence to further the cause of independence. I suggest that it is wrong at any time and everywhere. But it is more wrong and unbecoming in a country where fighters for freedom have declared to the world that their policy is Truth and Non-Violence. Hatred, they argue, cannot be turned into love. Those who believe in violence will naturally use it by saying "kill your enemy, injure him and his property wherever you can, whether openly or secretly as necessity requires." The result will be deeper hatred and counter-hatred, and vengeance let loose on both sides. The recent war, whose embers have yet hardly died, loudly proclaims bankruptcy of this use of hatred. And it remains to be seen whether the so-called victors have really won or whether they have not depressed themselves in seeking and trying to depress their enemies. It is a bad game at its best.

LAST WORD IN VIOLENCE

Some philosophers of action in this country improve upon the model and say: "We shall never kill our enemy but we shall destroy his property." Perhaps I do them an injustice when I call it "his property", for the remarkable thing it is that the so-called enemy has brought no property of his own and what little he has brought he makes us pay for. Therefore, what we destroy is really our own. The bulk of it whether in men or things, he produces here. So what he really has is the custody of it. For the destruction too we have to pay through the nose and it is the innocent who are made to pay. That is the implication of Punitive Tax and all it carries with it. Non-violence in the sense of mere non-killing does not appear to me. Therefore, to be any improvement on the technique of violence, it means slow torture and when slowness becomes ineffective, we shall immediately revert to killing and to the atom bomb, which is the last word in violence today.

NON-VIOLENCE AND TRUTH

Therefore I suggested in 1920 the use of Non-Violence and its inevitable twin companion Truth, for canalizing hatred into the proper channel. The hater hates not for the sake of hatred but because he wants to drive away from his country the hated being or beings. He will, therefore, as readily achieve his end by non-violent as by violent means. For the past 25 years willingly or unwillingly, the Congress has spoken to the masses in favour of Non-Violence as against violence for regaining our lost liberty. We have also discovered through our progress that in the application of non-violence, we have been able to reach the mass mind far more quickly and far more extensively than ever before. And yet if Truth is told as it must be, our non-violent action has been half-hearted. Many have preached non-violence through the lips while harbouring violence in the breast.

But the unsophisticated mass mind has read the secret meaning hidden in our breasts and the unconscious reaction has not been altogether as it might have been. And so I plead for non-violence and yet more non-violence. I do so not without knowledge but with 60 years' experience behind me. This is the critical moment, for the dumb masses are today starving.

There are many ways that will suggest themselves to the wise reader as to how to apply the cannons of non-violence to the present needs of the country.

UNDER I. N. A. SPELL

The hypnotism of the I.N.A. has cast its spell upon us. Netaji's name is one to conjure with. His patriotism is second to none. (I use the present tense intentionally). His bravery shines through all his actions. He aimed high but failed. Who has not failed, ours is to aim high and to aim well. It is not given to every one to command success. My praise and admiration can go on further. For I know that his action was doomed to failure, and that I would have said so even if he had brought his I.N.A. victorious to India because the masses would not have come into their own in this manner.

The lesson that Netaji and his army brings to us is one of self-sacrifice, unity irrespective of class and community, and discipline. If our adoration will be wise and discriminating, we will rigidly copy this trinity of virtues but we will as rigidly abjure violence. I would not have the I. N. A. man think or say that he and his can ever deliver the masses of India from bondage by force of arms. But if he is true to Netaji and still more so to the country, he will spend himself in teaching the masses: men women and children, to be brave, self-sacrificing and united. Then we will be able to stand erect before the world but if he will merely act the armed soldier, he will only lord it over the masses and the fact that he will be a volunteer will not count for much. I therefore welcome the declaration made by Capt. Shah Nawaz that to be worthy of Netaji on having come to Indian soil he will act as a humble soldier of non-violence in Congress ranks.

ADVISER TO BURMA GOVERNOR RESIGNS

RANGOON, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): U Tin Tut, Senior Burmese nember of the Indian Civil Service and Reconstruction Adviser to the Governor of Burma has tendered his resignation in order to take part in politics.

He told the Associated Press: "I feel at the present juncture of Burma's history that with the administrative experience I acquired, I can be of more service to my country in politics than in the Civil Service."

Nuremberg Call To Churchill?

NUREMBERG, Feb. 24 (Reuter):—Mr. Winston Churchill, former British Prime Minister, is one of the witnesses whom Joachim Ribbentrop, Hitler's former Foreign Minister, wants to call in his defence in the Nuremberg War Crimes Trial.

M. Edouard Daladier, French Prime Minister at the beginning of the war and M. Georges Bonnet, former French Foreign Minister, are also on the list of witnesses which Ribbentrop's counsel Martin Horn intends to call.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Sir Ziauddin Ahmad (Muslim League) asked for the adoption of either the Communist viewpoint of communal ownership of wealth or the German viewpoint of partnership between Labour and Capital.

—Central Assembly Report.

* * *

Reuter's cable from Cairo: 'Pandemonium was let loose in Cairo this morning with machine-guns crackling through the smoke of fired buildings .....'

Right now we are not very much interested in the Cairo happenings if you know what we mean.

* * *

British policy in India has aimed at Indian self-government for the last 40 years—Lord Halifax.

What a wonderfully patient aim!

* * *

A Karachi report speaks of the mysterious movements of "an important official suspected of being the personal secretary to Lord Pethick-Lawrence or otherwise believed to be acting on his behalf.....'

We hope he is not arrested for loitering in suspicious circumstances.

* * *

In the Central Assembly Mr. Sri Prakasa asked amidst laughter what was the meaning of "hanky panky."

The meaning varies with circumstances and people concerned from—er—Trusteeship to confidence trick.

* * *

"The main difficulty about Pakistan", says Dr. Rajendra Prasad "however, is that it has not yet been properly defined."

Hullo! What more does Rajan Babu suggest than N.W.F.P. Baluchistan, Sind, the Punjab, Bengal and Assam?

* * *

ANOTHER PERSIAN OFFICIAL SACKED

—Headline.

It's quite O. K. if and so long as Iran can avoid sacking, so to speak. Persian Azerbaijan.

* * *

Pope Pius XII today denounced 'modern imperialism'—Reuter.

The old fashioned one was quite all right?

*

EVE DEMANDS FIFTY-FIFTY SHARE

—Headline.

Is that all. The demand must wholeheartedly be conceded. It is a fifty per cent gain.

Mob Hysteria

Rowdyism, hooliganism and incendiarism perpetrated in the name of patriotism by a section of the population in this country cannot but arouse the indignation of all level-headed people. One wonders how setting fire to trams and trains and creating panic among the peaceful public, thereby violently disturbing life in cities, can get us nearer to our goal—freedom. It is evident that some sort of mob-hysteria has taken possession of a section of the population in our country recently. This is a very bad tendency and will serve no useful purpose.

Will our political leaders please condemn these acts of violence in the strongest terms and point out to these excitable people that Goondaism cannot help us to win freedom.

PERTURBED

Poona, Feb. 22.

New Terror In Hiroshima

Mystery Shadows Appear As Silhouettes On Barren Ground

LONDON, Feb. 24 (Reuter):—A new terror is spreading through devastated Hiroshima, the Japanese atom bombed City which is being taken over by the British Commonwealth occupation forces, says the Special Correspondent of the News of the World, A. Noyes Thomas cabling from Tokyo.

The correspondent states "because of some unexplained delayed action of Atomic rays scenes from the lips of the thronged Japanese city at the instant of the explosion are now appearing as silhouette on the barren ground. Villagers in the surrounding countryside shiver with fright when questioned about it. Many of them now refuse to enter the area and make detours of many miles on foot to avoid it.

I first heard of the 'rage' from highranking British naval officers aboard the British headquarters ship 'Glenairn' in nearby Kure bay.

The Japanese word means 'shadow'—a dramatic but apt name for a phenomenon that would probably seem far-fetched even to producers of a Hollywood horror film.

Only after investigating the story on the spot—and myself shuddering with horror—was I convinced of the truth of it.

At one place the shadow of a vanished bridge has appeared on the street which it spanned.

At another point, there is a shadow of a man leading a bullock and wagon. It is so clearly defined that it shows details down to the dead man's peculiar Japanese boots with separate compartments for the big toes.

Elsewhere there is a shadow on the pavement of a little Japanese girl probably aged about 12 holding under her arm what may have been a bundle of schoolbooks.

Why only these and a few other shadows should have appeared so far is a mystery. But survivors from the bomb burst—toothless now, with downy new hair just beginning to grow on their heads—live in dread of the appearance of new ones."

Karachi Returns To Normalcy

Military Withdrawn: Tram And Bus Services Restart

KARACHI, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): Upto 12 midday, no incident of any sort has been reported after midnight, according to an official spokesman to the Associated Press of India today. The military has been withdrawn. All tram and bus services have started and the situation is completely normal.

NORMALCY RETURNS

The Sind Governor, it is understood, visited the affected areas in the city. All shops have been reopened and normal business continues.

TOTAL OF DEATHS: 5

Three more persons died in hospital today bringing the total dead to six due to the police firing at the Idgah Maidan yesterday.

Situation On Saturday

KARACHI, Feb. 24 (API): Enquiries at the city police station late at night show that the total casualties in yesterday's disturbances are four dead and 23 persons injured. The number of policemen injured is ten including one inspector seriously injured with brickbats.

NIGHT INCIDENTS

After nightfall yesterday incidents occurred in thickly populated parts of the city. Government buildings, police chowkies and post-offices were attacked and attempts at arson made. This necessitated military patrols being called out and thereafter very few instances were reported

ATTEMPTED ARSON

Though a few stray cases of attempted arson were reported last night the city remained comparatively quiet. At daybreak crowds again collected at Bunder Road but so far no incident or clash has taken place.

Tram and bus service have not been resumed.

Military and police pickets are continuing patrolling.

CALCUTTA R. I. N. RATINGS REITERATE DECISION

Jinnah's Advice To Call Off Strike

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): The strike of over 500 R.I.N. ratings in Calcutta continued today for the sixth day.

A deputation of the ratings met Mr. M. A. Jinnah this afternoon, and apprised him of their grievances.

Mr. Jinnah spent about an hour and a half with them, and advised them to call off the strike, assuring them that he would take up the matter with the auhorities concerned with a view to bringing about a peaceful and honourable settlement. Mr. Jinnah's advice will be considered by the deputationists.

The ratings held a meeting this morning reiterating their decision to continue the strike peacefully until their demands were met. They also passed a resolution expressing grateful thanks to the Indian public for taking up their cause and sympathising with the civilian victims in the disturbances in Bombay and Karachi.

Another resolution gave a "friendly warning" to the Government of India not to victimise any personnel of the army or navy and hoping that they would "realise the consequences."

BAMRAULI R.I.A.F. CALL-OFF STRIKE

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): Nearly 400 R.I.A.F. men at Bamrauli, who had gone on strike yesterday in sympathy with the R.I.N. men at Bombay and Karachi, called off their strike today after 24 hours.

It is reported normal work was resumed at the aerodrome from this afternoon.

STRANGLING INDIANS IN S. AFRICA

Rustomji Denounces New Asiatic Bill

(From Our Correspondent).

DURBAN, Feb. 22.—A large gathering of Indians gave enthusiastic send-off to South African Indian Congress delegates at the airport at dawn on Wednesday when Leader Soranjee Rustomjee and delegates S. R. Naidoo, A. S. Kajee and A. A. Mirza were garlanded by Messrs. A. B. Moosa and P. R. Pather on behalf of President Ahmed Ismail.

In a press statement, Mr. Rustomjee described the recent interview given by General Smuts recounting broken pledges and appealing for a Round Table Conference in terms of Broome Commission. "The proposed legislation", Mr. Rustomjee said, "is far more drastic than Dr. Malan's Class Areas Bill of 1925, opposition to which resulted in the Capetown Agreement. The new Asiatic Bill will abrogate the Capetown Agreement and is a subtle design to strangle the community economically and ostracise us socially. Our duty is clear. We cannot submit to the attack upon human rights which General Smuts preached as world statesman at San Francisco. What General Smuts preached outside South Africa, he is ready to disown in this country. Our appeal to all civilised countries is to tell the world how General Smuts intends to sacrifice the interests of Indians to appease White reactionaries.

We appeal to our people to stand united in this grave crisis and give united support in averting the danger that threatens us"

COMPOSITE MINISTRY IN PUNJAB?

LAHORE, Feb. 24, (U.P.I.): That Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad, on his arrival here on February 27, would meet leaders of various parties and explore the possibilities of formation of a composite Ministry in the Province, was revealed by Maulana Daud Ghaznavi, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, in an interview to the "United Press of India.

Maulana Daud Ghaznavi who arrived here by the same plane as Maulana Azad, during his stay in Delhi, acquainted the Congress President with the political situation in the Provnce and various party positions.

He added: "We shall welcome the formation of a popular Ministry in the Punjab. There is the possibility of formation of a coalition party on the basis of fundamental principles of the Congress and its election manifesto."

Yalta Pact Disclosures

China Makes Sensational Charge Against Big Three

CHUNGKING, Feb. 24. (Reuter): Eight members of the Control Yuan (the highest supervisory organ of the Chinese Government) declared in a resolution that the secret Yalta Agreement between President Roosevelt, Mr. Winston Churchill and Generalissimo Joseph Stalin "violated China's sovereignty and territorial integrity to a greater extent than the Japanese demands clamped down on China after the Mukden Incident" (when the Japanese grabbed Manchuria in 1931). cables Doon Campbell, Reuter's Special Correspondent.

The resolution asked the Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs to make an official statement that "China will not consider herself bound by any decisions reached in international conferences without her participation".

Under the Secret Agreement concluded at the Yalta Conference in 1945, the Soviet agreed to enter the war against Japan in return for certain concessions in Manchuria and the cession of the Kuriles (islands then belonging to Japan) as well as return of the southern half of Sakhalin Island, annexed by Japan after the Russo-Japanese war in 1905.

M. Wutingchang, Secretary of the National Government, told demonstrators that there was no secret agreement between the Soviet and China.

Mahatma On Rajaji Episode

"Why Worry About Use Of Word Clique"? Requests Kamaraj Nadar To Withdraw Resignation

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 24, (A.P.I.): Under the caption "about Rajaji" Mahatma Gandhi writes in today's "Harijan":—

I have read Shri Kamaraj Nadar's press message. I am sorry. I can easily be silent, but the cause may suffer. He says he is my follower. In that case, he should have referred to me before rushing to the press and certainly before resigning. I have intentionally described myself as a bhangi. In the man made social ladder, I want to be at the bottom. I would like Shri Kamaraj to cease to be a nadar and to become a bhangi with me and then in all humanity withdraw his resignation. Whether it is legally possible or not, the provincial and working committees alone can decide. Morally it is perfectly possible if he himself feels he has hurt himself and the cause by resigning. Then he will rejoin the difficult post (if it is legally possible) as a strong man. He was weak in resigning. He says he prevented four others from following him. It was well that they did not resign.

NO WITHDRAWAL OF "CLIQUE"

Why worry about the use of the word "clique". In spite of all my love for the English language, it is a foreign tongue for me and I am as likely as not to make mistakes in using it. Of course I have used the word "clique" deliberately. I must not withdraw it. This is its dictionary meaning: small exclusive party. I know that there is such a clique in Tamil Nad against Rajaji. I am unable definitely to name one single person in it. No one need wear the cap unless it fits him. There are many cliques in the Congress organization as even in the best managed organization in the world. The fewer their number the better the organization.

Were I not challenged at the time that I was touring in the south I would have been silent. I must admit that I did not talk to those who were with me in that special train. I was hurried in my work which was divided between meetings at frequent stoppages and writing whilst the train was in motion and let the public know that those who are physically nearest me have to be so forbearing that they would not come near me and interfere with my work. Such has been the usage during my stormy life. My own children thus get the least of me. Aruna Asaf Ali came for two days to see me fresh from her hiding place and was so forbearing that she had of me only as much as she could during my walks.

"CLOSE RAJAJI EPISODE"

Let me close the Rajaji Episode by saying that if I am wrong in the use of the word (clique) or in my estimate of Rajaji no one need follow me, writes Mahatma Gandhi in an article in the "Harijan" today under the caption "for our English."

Writes Mahatma Gandhi:

"How nice it would be if we had newspapers only in our own languages. We would not then be blind persons, one misteking the tail for the elephant, another the tusks, a third the trunk for the noble animal —all wise in their own conceit yet all wrong in essence. Thus, I in my conceit said and still say that the opposition to Rajaji was and is confined to a 'clique.' An esteemed friend and others maintain that I have made a serious blunder in calling the opposition by this name. My appellation cannot be and was not meant to be applied to the Congress organization, whether provincial, central or any other which, like the King, can do no wrong. A clique generally does the wrong thing. But surely both my critics and I are right, each in our own way, and both are wrong. All this bother over the use of a foreign word! If I had written in the national or my Mother tongue, we would not have quarrelled over a word. Only let me close the Rajaji episode by saying that if I am wrong in the use of the word or in my estimate of Rajaji, no one need follow me. I have no official authority. The loss will be purely mine in that for a wrong estimate I shall have lost much or some of the moral weight I possess."

India Wants Foodstuffs, Mostly Cereals

Sir Ramaswami's Forceful Plea Before India Relief Committee, To Avert Famine

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 23.

A food meeting of great importance and significance was held yesterday in one of the Committee rooms of the House of Commons when the India Relief Committee which did magnificent work in England for Bengal famine was revived under the most auspicious circumstances. All members of the Indian Food Delegation including their Advisers except Sir H. R. Hutchings were present. They all agreed that the meeting was being held under the shadow of a very grave food crisis all over India.

GRAVE SITUATION

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar at the outset said that gravity of the situation was not perhaps fully realised in Britain in 1943 because Britain was then preoccupied with winning the war, Britain could not afford to adopt a similar attitude of indifference towards the present plight of India. Sir Ramaswamy held the floor for at least forty minutes when he was listened to by over thirty M.P.s including Sir Stanley Reed and half a dozen other Conservatives. Unfortunately the Foreign Affairs debate in the House prevented more M.P.s from attending the meeting. Sir Ramaswamy said "this time we have done everything in India. Whatever may have been the shortcomings and drawbacks the Government of India's administration in 1943. Today there cannot be any charge of maladministration. I want to tell you we do not want your money. It is of no use. We are not asking or begging for financial aid either from the Lord Mayor of London or any one else. We want actual foodstuffs, mostly cereals of every kind. It is not lease-lend we want. It is not U.N.R.R.A. help that we are seeking. You must remember the Government of India is subject to control of His Majesty's Government. When you talk of your food crisis we want your Government to realise not only the fate of forty million people of Britain but the fate of 400 million Indians is their direct responsibility. You members of Parliament have a direct responsibility to see a catastrophe avoided. Then we appeal to the people of Britain.

"WE STOOD BY YOU"

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar continued: "We are not here trying to stir up M.P.s against their Government but we must ask you to wake up and enlighten your people so that they can, if need be tighten their belts and stand by us. Do not forget we have stood by you not only in a military sense but in a hundred other ways. Whatever we could spare after rationing ourselves, we sent you. You got things from us without our grumbling. Do not think I am here trying to take credit for it. It was a part of a joint effort in a common cause defeating Fascism and Nazism but we can and must ask you this: 'won't you try to look at this problem of starvation from our standpoint and not from narrow and selfish point of view there is a limit to people's resistance and this time I don't think Indians prefer to die meekly. Your heart is full of sympathy for us. I want you to translate it into action.'

Sir Madhava Rao, Dewan of Mysore declared: "There is absolutely no reserve of any kind. We have done our best to give help to people. We are grateful for your sympathy and for the sympathy of other Empire countries but I say do not make the Empire an empty phrase. It must stand for mutual help. We are going to America to tell the same tale.

Sir Nazimuddin said: "We Muslim Leaguers think the situation so serious that if we return to India without cereals, the famine will be more extensive than the Bengal famine.

"INDIA, A MODEL"

Dr. Theodore Gregory gave details of the work of the Foodgrains Policy Committee and said "it has become a fashion to assume that the Indian administration is slow and dilaterious but I claim that we are a model to very many parts of the world. There is no part in the Middle East, Asia, Africa or South America, the United States or any other part of the world which has done what we have successfully done to procure food. It is utterly wrong and unfair to blame the Indian administration for this when food is just not there. In the context of the Indian population what we are asking is 4 million tons of grains which is not a large quantity. It is utterly useless to send Parliamentary Delegations or High Power Ministers to India when there is a situation of this kind which demands quick supplies of foodstuffs to maintain decency and order and not empty statements which do not feed empty stomachs.

Mr. Gorwala said: "some eminent peer recently said that the famine in India is nothing new and there is nothing to bother about but I say to this gentleman it must be recognised that this unprecedented crisis and unprecedented measures must be taken quickly to prevent a famine. The British Government must regard it as a major military operation—something like Dunkirk or D-Days. We are compelled to tell both His Majesty's Government and the people of Britain that unless very large supplies are made available a state of chaos will affect one-fifth of the human race with terrible consequences to the rest of the world.

INDIAN SEAMEN AND MEDICAL AID

The General Secretary, National Seamen's Union of India, Bombay, writes:—

The condition of Indian seamen when in need of medical aid is pitiable. People suffering from chicken pox and other tropical diseases when sent to city hospitals are refused admission on the ground of there being "no room." On the other hand, the Government of India is contemplating a scheme of clinic and hospital for seamen. in fact, a clinic is ready for 7 months, but is not working for want of equipment.

On 19-2-46 a seaman while working on S. S. "Rizwani" was seriously injured and sent to the J. J. Hospital, but he was not admitted, although the cost for such treatment and maintenance is paid by the shippers. Will the Government of India look into it?

AZAD SCARED THEM AWAY

LAHORE, Feb. 23 (API): When Maulana Abul Kalam Azad finished his lunch at Lahore aerodrome and lighted a cigarette he noticed a sub-inspector and a constable sitting on a tea table in front of him. Amid Laughter, the Congress President asked: Have they come to arrest me?

The sub-inspector who was taken unaware by the President's question got nervous and quietly left the room followed by the constable.

Aruna's Plan For Restoring Peace To City

Appeal For Penicillin For The Wounded Lying In Hospital

BOMBAY, Sunday.

"Let the British military be withdrawn: let the ban on meetings be removed: let our peace brigades be allowed to function. And I personally take the responsibility to establishing peace."

Thus said Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, addressing a press conference this evening, on the troubled situation in the City.

Describing the part she played in the R.I.N. strike in Bombay, she said that when she was first approached by the representatives of naval strikers on Wednesday, she had advised them to seek the advice of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the highest Congress authority who was available in Bombay. She, however, advised them to confine their demands strictly to the improvement of their conditions of service and not to give a political complexion to their demands like the release of I. N. A. men. She refused to address their meeting, as a section of them wanted to seek the advice from the President of the Provincial Muslim League and, therefore, she was asked by that section not to address their meetings.

When a radical section of the naval strikers, Mrs. Aruna added, were reluctant to accept Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's advice of unconditional surrender and calling off of the strike, she wired Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to come to Bombay with a view to see if he could bring about any settlement of the strike. But she admitted that she had offered the naval strikers a clear-cut plan of action for carrying on the strike.

CHARGE AGAINST CONGRESS LEADERS

Referring to the hartal, she said that the ratings had called the civilian population to express their sympathy to them by observing hartal, and, therefore, she expected that the B.P.C.C. and the students would observe one day's strike. She also desired the workers to do the same, but it appears that the official Congress was against hartal of any sort.

When, however, the hartal was started, she very much desired that Congress, through its Peace Brigades and volunteers should direct the peaceful demonstrations through the proper channel, because the Congress was the only body which could supply the necessary organisation for maintaining peace. She said that this was not done by the Congress leaders, who only went on continuing appeals to the people to keep quiet, and this failure to supply our own defence organisation against goonda elements—brought disastrous results.

Referring to the disturbances which broke out in the City, Mrs. Asaf Ali said that anti-social elements who take advantage of the disturbances in the city and get an upper hand could be best dealt with by peace brigades formed among the people, who could restore confidence among the people promptly. She thought that such a machinery would be better for the protection of innocent persons and public property than armed British troops whose presence, she thought, only provoked the people into action. She demanded the withdrawal of military from the city, which alone she said would enable the City to return speedily to normal conditions.

Referring to her tour to the hospitals, this morning, she said that the wounded in hospitals were badly in need of Penicillin. They asked her to issue an appeal calling for financial help and medicines, etc.

TURN FOR BETTER—BUT NOT ALL QUIET

(Continued from Page 1)

Military vigil had been tightened up, as a result of yesterday's experience when six Police officers and 15 constables from Mahim Police station were stated to have been harried and assaulted.

It appears a posse of Police was trying to control a menacing crowd of about 3,000 people at Hari Nivas, near Shivaji Park. The Police were forced to open fire, but the ammunition was soon exhausted, and the crowd rushed forward. It was stated that Inspector Thomas was seized, and was about to be burnt alive after kerosine oil was poured upon him. He was, however, rescued along with others. Other officers and men, some of whom were stated to have been stripped, were made to part with their revolvers and beaten. Some of them were made to crawl. But before more harm could be done, assistance came and two of the officers were taken to K. E. M. hospital in an unconscious condition and others taken to Nalgaum Police hospitals.

75 OFFICERS AND MEN DISCHARGED FROM HOSPITALS

About 15 officers and 60 men were taken to the hospitals, as a result of the two days' disturbances, and most of them discharged today. Included among the officers injured were Inspector Pathan of Palton Road Police, Inspector Thomas, Dy. Inspector Batliwala, Sub-Inspector Mehta and Sub-Inspector Gowde of the Mahim Police.

As "Peace Brigades" were moving about yesterday, three of the volunteers received bullet-wounds and were removed to the hospital. But today the volunteers moved about freely and without any harm.

SITUATION IN HOSPITALS

Although the situation showed signs of coming back to normalcy, a full complement of doctors and medical students were drafted for duty, and were in attendance in casualty wards to meet any emergency. The previous day's cases of wounded persons were still dribbling in. Among the two persons admitted in the K. E. M. Hospital today was a woman named Chandranai Shanta.

UNIDENTIFIED BODIES

Unidentified bodies were still lying unclaimed in various morgues of the hospitals. In the K. E. M. morgue, there were 22 bodies, in Harkisondas Hospital 3 of whom one was a boy of 9 years, in St. Georges Hospital, there were eight and some more in the G. T. Hospital.

SCENES AT K. E. M. HOSPITAL

Outside the K. E. M. Hospital a large crowd of people, relatives and friends of those who had received bullet-wounds in the last two days waited patiently for a long time since the morning. The doors were closed. The crowd swelled in the afternoon and blocked the road. A Police lorry arrived on the spot and there was some excitement among the crowd. But the situation was promptly saved, when a doctor on duty, ordered the gates to be swung open. The crowd flowed in peacefully, while volunteers who had come to the spot kept order within the precincts of the hospital.

ARMED GUARDS ON R. I. N. SHIPS AND SHORE ESTABLISHMENTS

No Incident: Godfrey Speaks To Ships' Company

A joint 'communique' issued by Advance Hq. Southern Command at 16-00 hours to-day says:—

Infantry guards have been mounted on R.I.N. ships and shore establishments. The situation is quiet. Ratings are returning to duty in an orderly manner, and normal discipline is being restored. Guns have been immobilised, and all small arms and ammunition have been removed and handed into Military custody.

Preliminary enquiries are being instituted by ships' Captains. Courts of inquiry will be convened later. In the meantime, all ships' companies are confined to their ships.

Although the R.I.A.F. men continue to refuse to do duty in a number of stations, there have been no incidents.

SITUATION HEALTHIER

The situation in Bombay city became much healthier during the night. The curfew worked well but there were a few attempts of looting and erecting barricades. A fire brigade was attacked at one point. In all these incidents police and infantry intervened successfully.

This morning only one incident has been reported. Troops were compelled to open fire on a mob attacking a mill, but no injuries are reported. Many mills have reopened.

SERVICE CASUALTIES

The following Service casualties were reported from the beginning of the disturbance upto 9 a.m. this morning.

Admitted to Service hospitals:—

Killed—R.I.N.: 2 Officers and 1 Rating.

Wounded—Army: 2 Officers, 11 B.O.R.S. and 2 I.O.R.S.

R.A.F.—1 O.R.

R.I.A.F.—1 O.R.

R.I.N.—1 Officer and 14 Ratings. Merchant Navy—2 Officers.

Two Indian Army drivers with their vehicles are reported missing.

Civilian casualties so far known are: Killed—167 and wounded—1,002.

A joint 'communique' issued from Advance Headquarters, Southern Command, at 19-00 hours says:

During the day, armed guards were placed on board R.I.N. ships and shore establishments with a view to ensuring that there was no possibility of violence and preventing damage to Government property. No incident took place.

Later in the afternoon, the Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy, Vice-Admiral J. R. Godfrey, delivered the following address at H. M.I.S. 'Talwar', Castle Barracks, and to the ships' company on board his flagship, H.M.I.S. 'Narbada.'

"Now that order has been restored, it is your duty to return quietly to work without delay. No passive resistance to duty will be tolerated. Normal routine will be resumed.

"There will be a full and impartial enquiry into the complaints and grievances, and as I told you on Thursday the whole question of pay, travelling allowance and family allowance is now being investigated by an Inter-Service Committee which only last week visited Karachi, Jamnagar, and Bombay in the "Narbada."

"RESTORE GOOD NAME OF R.I.N."

"You have had the good sense to return to duty, and it has, therefore, been decided to leave the rest of you on board your ships. It is now up to you to show by your acts that you intend to restore to the Royal Indian Navy the good name it possessed before this unhappy episode took place.

"I need hardly say that the restoration of your good name would be a matter very dear to my heart as I have had so much to do with the building up of the service during the last three years."

On arrival on board his flagship, H.M.I.S. 'Narbada', the Vice-Admiral flag was hoisted, signifying that the Flag Officer Commanding was on board.

Senior R.I.N. Officers visited all ships in stream and establishments, communicating F.O.C.R.I.N.'s address in Hindustani to ships' companies.

Five hundred ratings have started normal duties at H.M.I.S. 'Hamla.'

G.O.C.'S VISIT

Lt.-Gen. R. M. M. Lockhart, G.O.C.-in C., Southern Command visited R. I. N. shore establishments, this afternoon, accompanied by Rear Admiral Rattray.

In the city, the situation is now completely under control, only two minor incidents being reported during the course of the day. All main roads out off Bombay are now open to normal traffic.

Students Urged To Keep Calm And Peaceful

Sjt. Shanti Shah, the General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Students' Congress has issued a statement to the Press, stating that the strike of the ratings has ended but still the city has not come to normal. The B.P.S.C., views with grave concern the situation. The deaths of innocent people have irritated and infuriated the students of the City.

We pay our respectable homage and sympathise with the relatives of the dead. The situation in the city must be brought into control immediately and at any cost and for the sake of public safety and peace, the student in spite of provocation should keep calm and peaceful.

I appeal to the students of the City to thoroughly understand the gravity of the situation and act as the most responsible citizens of Bombay.

"Let us observe peace and help in restoring normality in the city."

The Joint Secretary of the Bombay Students Congress writes:

In accordance with the instructions issued by the A.I.S.C. we appeal to the students on behalf of the Bombay Students Congress to observe complete strike on Monday the 25th February 1946. Students should disperse immediately after the strike and go to their homes without indulging in any demonstrations.

GOVERNOR TOURS AFFECTED AREAS

H. E. Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, visited police headquarters and made an extensive tour of the city accompanied by the Commissioner of Police and military officers.

COMPULSORY RECOGNITION OF TRADE UNIONS

Trade Unions Act (Amendment) Bill

Trade Unions in India will be given a new status when a Bill which is being introduced in the Central Assembly on Thursday, February 21, is passed into law. The measure will help the recognition of sound and responsible Trade Unions by the employers so that matters affecting the common interests of capital and labour will be harmoniously solved through collective bargaining and mutual negotiations.

The Bill, which will be introduced by the Hon. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Member for Labour, is a revised Bill for the amendment of the Indian Trade Unions' Act. It seeks to make it obligatory on the part of the employers to recognise a Trade Union if it is representative according to the decision of an Industrial Court which will be set up for the purpose. It will provide a recognised Trade Union the right to negotiate with the employer and, at the same time, saeguard employers against irregular or unauthorised strikes on the part of the members of the Union. Refusal to bargain with the Union and unfair practices by employers such as interference with the right of the workers to form a Union, or discrimination or discharge of a worker for taking part in the activities of a Union will be made an offence punishable with fine. Similarly, unfair practices by a Trade Union as e.g., in instigating or supporting illegal strikes will result in the withdrawal of recognition.

Conditions imposed for the recognition of a Union are that it should be representative, that all its members are workmen employed in one and the same industry, that there is no exclusion of membership on communal or religious grounds, that it has rules providing for declaration of strikes, etc. If such a Union had applied to the employers for recognition and had been refused, it can apply for recognition through the Industrial Court. The recommendation of the Industrial Court will be forwarded to the appropriate Government which may accept it and notify the recognition of the Union in the Gazette. The recognition will be withdrawn if unfair practices are indulged in by the Union or when it becomes unrepresentative or when it reopens a question, already settled with the employer, within a period of six months.

RAJEN BABU POSTPONES ELECTION TOUR

PATNA, Feb. 24 (API): Babu Rajendra Prasad who returned here from a tour of Shahabad District this morning has postponed the rest of his electioneering tour due to unfavourable weather conditions and a sore throat from which he is suffering.

BIHARIS IN AZAD HIND GOVERNMENT

It is understood, Dr. Prasad is making enquiries from the I.N.A. Defence Committee about the Biharis who were in the Azad Hind Government, namely, Mr. Parmanand, Mr. Anant Mohan Sahay and Mr. Baleshwar Prasad, as to whether they are going to be prosecuted and if so whether they are being defended at Government cost.

RUSSIANS BUY ATOM BOOKLET

MOSCOW, Feb. 24 (U.P.A.): Thirty thousand copies of the Russian translation of the American booklet "Atomic Energy" by G. D. Smith were sold out in a few minutes today. The booklet was mentioned in the Russian Government's statement on the Canadian spy ring incident.

AGREEMENT ON BRETTON WOODS

May Be Endorsed By Assembly Next Week

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 23

Agreement is believed to have been reached over Bretton Woods.

Government, as already reported would be allowed to send the Governor of the Reserve Bank to the first meeting of Shareholders of the International Fund and Bank scheduled to take place in U. S. on March 7 on one fundamental condition namely, India reserved to itself the right to withdraw from the Bank and the Fund if the implementation of the Anglo-American Loan Agreement was found detrimental to the best interests of India. Although the Anglo-American Loan Agreement is not binding on India one of its clauses, it will be recalled, provides for the settlement of the Sterling debt of Britain.

As for Sterling Balances Government has already given an undertaking that their repayment to India will be settled through a conference preferably to be held in India and to which majority of the delegation will be non-official.

As already reported, in the present conditions, Great Britain is not in position to make a declaration that Sterling Balances will not be scaled down. Government of India's attitude, however, has been made clear, namely, they are opposed to scaling down the Sterling Balances.

As for the demand that no more Sterling balances be added to the already accumulated balances it is explained that under the Bretton Woods Scheme Rupee be declined from Sterling. Government of India, to give effect to Bretton Woods would amend the Reserve Bank Act which, 'inter alia,' will amend the provision of the Act relating to the holding of paper currency backing in Sterling. The Assembly Committee on Bretton Woods will continue as the report which will be made on February 25 be an interim report. The Committee and the Assembly will examine the report of its Governor to the International Bank and also of H. M. Government on Sterling Balances and as already reported earlier would withdraw from the Bank if it had reason for doing so.

The agreement is expected to be endorsed by the Assembly next week.

V. T. ARRANGEMENTS FOR TRAVELLERS

BOMBAY, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): As Victoria Terminus (G.I.P. Rly.) is within the Curfew Area, arrangements are being made by the Bombay Police to enable 'bona fide' travellers to get to and from the station. Passengers arriving at the station during the hours when the curfew is in force will be allowed to proceed to Waudby Road from where they can make their way to Colaba or by the Marine Drive to other residential areas.

Passengers wishing to depart from Victoria Terminus between 7-30 p.m. and 6-30 a.m. should follow the same route.

Habib Bank Branch

We are informed that there is no truth in the report published in some newspapers (not the "Bombay Chronicle") about the Shaikh Memon Street branch of the Habib Bank having been broken open on Friday night.

Kher On Education Reform Under Congress Govt.

SURAT, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.)—Mr. B. G. Kher, former Premier of Bombay, addressing the electorate of the University constituency here last evening, envisaged revolutionary changes in the educational system of the country when Congress Government began to function.

Mr. Kher said that the present system of education had brought into existence another separate caste in India that one could call the educated class. This was due to the inherent qualities of the system and could be avoided if the Wardha System is adopted. The latter he pointed out, had been accepted even by the author of the Government plan for post-war education. The Ex-Premier assured his audience that the Congress would do its best to root out illiteracy from the country and would bring the benefit of education to the doors of the poor.

British Cabinet Ready If U. S. Willing

Attlee's Assurance To Indian Food Delegation: But Premier Says The Problem Is World-Wide

(From Our Correspondent.)
LONDON, Feb. (23).

Members of the Indian Food Delegation conferred with the Prime Minister at 10 Downings Street for about forty minutes this morning.

The Prime Minister had with him Lord Pethick Lawrence, Mr. Ben Smith and other Officials of the Food Supply Ministries.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar explained the Indian food situation in a very brief statement. He was followed by other Members of the Delegation all of whom stressed the importance of securing 4 million tons of grains for India over a period of one year with 2 million tons within the next 8 weeks.

PREMIER'S ASSURANCE

The Prime Minister is reported to have assured the Delegation that the British Government was fully aware of the gravity of the situation and that the British Cabinet would do its utmost to help India. The Prime Minister categorically stated that His Majesty's Government will go ahead in supporting the Indian proposals that His Majesty's Government accepts the London Food Committee's recommendations based on the claims made for India by the Indian Delegation, that the British Cabinet will support India's case to the fullest of its power, and that the British representatives in the Combined Food Board will support the Indian demand.

The Premier added: "Your demand will be adopted as the London Food Board's recommendation".

A WORLD PROBLEM

But the Premier pointed out that this had become a world problem and as an illustration he told the Delegation that Hong-Kong is dying to-day with a ration of four ounces per day. In the light of this, the Cabinet will have to consider the allocation to various countries and try to get as much as possible for India but in doing so the entire world's needs will be under consideration.

Lord Pethick Lawrence said: "We look at this problem as a very serious and urgent one".

BEN SMITH FOR WASHINGTON?

It is understood at the suggestion of the Indian Delegation the British Cabinet is considering the question of sending Mr. Ben Smith to Washington to participate in the discussions that will take place at the meeting of the Central Food Board. The Indian Delegation is leaving London on Monday by ship but Dr. Gregory, Mr. Gorwala and Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao will go by air.

Some members of the Indian Delegation fear that it will take a good deal of persuasion to convince the United States about India's desperate position and in spite of that, America may probably not agree to cut the share of other countries in favour of India.

RAILWAYMEN'S STRIKE SPREADS

(From Our Correspondent)
WADHWAN, Feb. 23.

The staff of the Broad Gauge Railway upto Viramgam have gone on strike to show their opposition against the cutting of food ration.

The Rajkot Mail has gone upto Viramgam yesterday. It was found that the staff of B. B. of Wadhwan junction would go on strike also. The train which started at night has stopped at Vani station.

It is also learnt that the staff of Bhavnagar State Railway and Morvi Railway will go on strike.

"KNOCKDOWN'S DOUBLE" SUCCESS

ARCADIA CALIFORNIA, Feb. 23. (Reuter): KNOCKDOWN won the Hundred Thousand Dollars and added the Santa Anita Derby to-day.

STAR PILOT was second and HONEYMOON third. Ridden by Bobby Permane, KNOCKDOWN covered mile and eight in one minute 50 3/5th seconds to win by two lengths. It was the richest day of racing in American turf history with three tenthousand two-hundred dollar events offered to support the Derby. Purses for the eight race card totalled more than 155,000 dollars.

Rice Exports From Calcutta

Marwari Chamber Chief's Disclosure

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24 (API): Sixty-one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven tons of rice valued at nearly Rs. 2,47 00.000 was exported to foreign countries from Calcutta during the period May-October, 1945, according to the daily export list issued by the Calcutta Custom House, says Mr. M. L. Khemka, President of the Marwari Chamber of Commerce, with reference to the recent statement of the Food Secretary to the Government of India, Mr. B. R. Sen, on the subject.

Mr. Khemka emphasises that these figures represent only exports of rice to foreign countries. The list shows other figures of export to Colombo and coastwise exports He requests the Government of India to examine the real, position and issue a full statement on the subject.

ANGLO-AMERICAN FEDERATION

First Step Towards Elimination Of War, Says Frederic Willkie

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23 (Reuter): "The United States should immediately propose federation with Britain as the first practical step towards elimination of war" declared Mr. Frederic Willkie brother of the late Internationalist Wendell Willkie in an address to-day to the School of Advanced International Studies.

He said: "This Anglo-American federation should not be a closed alliance, but wide open to any other nation wishing to federate."

BEWARE OF 'S.S. SHARMA'!

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 24 (API): Mr. Keshav Deo Malaviya, General Secretary, U. P. Provincial Congress Committee says:—

"One person calling himself S. S. Sharma and claiming to be of the I.N.A. is touring about in U. P. and other provinces and who is now reported to be in Assam shows some forged letters of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and talks in an irresponsible way. The Congress Committees are warned that he is not a 'bonafide' man and he is not carrying any letter from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru."

S. AFRICAN INDIAN FEDERATION

Left Mombasa On Saturday

(From Our Correspondent)
MOMBASA, Feb. 23.

Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee and four other members of the South African Indian Delegation sailed to-day from here on "Canton". They are expected to reach Bombay by the end of this month.

Gandhiji's Visit To Marble Samadhis

POONA, Feb. 23 (U.P.I.): Just after prayer last evening Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur and Dr. Dinshaw Mehta visited the Aga Khan's Palace and offered short prayer near the marble Samadhis of Kasturba and Mahadev Desai.

Earlier Gandhiji enquired details of the marble Samadhis from the masons who were giving finishing touch on them. Gandhiji was pleased to hear from the chief contractor of the Samadhis that in the whole construction no foreign materials were used. With great difficulty he could manage to get everything swadeshi for the marble shrine.

OOTY EXODUS BAN

MADRAS, Feb. 24 (A. P. I.): The Madras Government have decided against permitting exodus of the heads of Departments and Secretaries to Government and Deputy Secretaries to Ootacamund for the usual two months during the coming summer.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24 (UPI): Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, ex-Minister, and Managing Director of the Federation Bank of India was convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under the India Companies Act and fined Rs. 1,000 for non-compliance with the requirements of Section 134 of that Act.

Overshadowed By Hunger

"New York Times" On Happenings In India

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. (U.P.A.): The "New York Times", which like all other U.S. newspapers gave banner headlines to details of the naval mutiny in Bombay, today editorialized in an extremely serious tone that "India will be the scene of one of the decisive struggles in the post-war period".

The paper said that "equally certain is that the statesmanship of the British Labour Party faces a major political test ..... The Moslem League and the Congress Party are more uncompromising than ever. Great Britain is in a state of uneasy transition. The whole picture this time is moreover overshadowed by hunger. In this merging of crises, of crises, economic desperation intensifies political violence".

The scale of the Indian problem, the paper continued, "dwarfs the troubles in Egypt, Greece and the Levant.....Europe indeed is rapidly becoming what India is—a sub-continent of Asia —and there are many signs to indicate that the storm center is moving from one area to another".

The paper concludes by saying that hunger is one of the main reasons for the strife and "aggravates every other problem.

Food Cut Won't Help Production

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.)—Thirty-three per cent reduction in the ration of manual workers would adversely affect the efficiency of the workers and result in the deterioration of their health, states the Textile Labour Association in a communication address to the Secretary, Food Department, Government of India.

It adds that it is the duty of the working classes to co-operate with all constructive measures adopted by all concerned to meet the food crisis but to reduce the supplementary ration of eight ounces hitherto given to hard manual workers is against the national interests of maintaining production.

Smallest Food Stocks Since 1940

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24 (Reuter).—Big grain exporting countries of the world started the present year with the smallest stocks since 1940, having together 25 per cent less wheat than at the beginning of last year and 15 per cent of all grains, states a report of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Total wheat supplies in the United States, Canada, Argentina and Australia are placed at 1.892,000,000 bushels compared with 1,868.000,000 at the beginning of 1945.

The exportable surplus is estimated at between 475 and 500 000.000 bushels—much smaller than the estimated world import requirements.

This year supplies of rye in four big producing countries was 15.000.000 bushels less than last year. "Some surplus for export is expected to be available from Argentine, but little or none in other three countries" the report states.

BIHAR NEED NOT STARVE

PATNA, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): H. E. Sir Thomas Rutherford, Governor of Bihar, referring to the food situation in the province at the Durbar Hall meeting yesterday, said that the recent crop statistics showed that the province on its own resources could allow a ration of nine ounces of rice and one ounce of wheat per head per day. This ration would have to be supplemented by other foodstuffs like potatoes, grams and dals Provided we can get even distribution and the food available properly cooked, there is no reason why anybody should starve, said the Governor.

Arrest Of 37 'War Criminals'

TOKYO, Feb. 23 (Reuter): Gen. Douglas MacArthur, today ordered the arrest of further 37 alleged war criminals. The list is mainly made up of prison guards. It also includes a number of suspects who will be brought back from Manila, and Mariana Islands.

In the Mugamo Prison on the outskirts of Tokyo, 534 suspects are under detention.

"Mystery Man" Denies Press Report

NEW DELHI, Feb. 23. (A. P. I.): Mr. Herbert Wilner, who has been described in the press as "Mystery man" touring in India incognito on behalf of Lord Pethick Lawrence, Secretary of State for India, is now on short visit to Delhi.

Interviewed by the Associated Press of India to-day Mr. Wilner said "I have seen a statement in some newspapers to the effect that I am here in an official capacity. This is entirely untrue.

I am not connected in any way with the Secretary of State for India or the India office. I am in India entirely as a private individual."

INDIA AND DOMINION PREMIERS' MEETING

LONDON, Feb. 23. (UPA): India will "usually be represented" at the Dominion Premiers' meeting which has been called before the Paris—Peace Conference scheduled for May 1, according to the India Office. It is also learned Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar will probably represent India

Justicites Not To Contest

MADRAS, Feb. 22 (A.P.I.): It is reliably understood that the Justice Party will not contest the elections to the Madras Legislature and that Sir P. T. Rajan, the Leader of the Party, will explain the reasons for the decision at a public meeting to be held in Madras shortly.

Jinnah's 'Hanky-Panky' For Frontier Defeat

STILL MAINTAINS THAT PATHAN 'AT HEART IS WITH MUSLIM LEAGUE'

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24. (A. P. I.): "We shall achieve Pakistan and live in it. If Muslims maintain complete discipline, there is no power on earth which can deny us our right of Pakistan" said Mr. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, addressing a mammoth meeting of Muslims of Calcutta and the suburbs this afternoon.

MINISTRY-MAKING NOT THEIR GOAL

"The question before you at the moment is the provincial elections. These elections are not being fought for the formation of ministries or for deciding who will be ministers. We are not fighting for the installation of ministries. We want the 1935 Constitution to end and to achieve Pakistan. The eyes of the world are now focussed on the Muslims. It knows now that we are fighting for Pakistan and it is waiting to see whether we win or lose.

Continuing, Mr. Jinnah said:

"In Assam, Muslims have given their judgment by returning 92 per cent League Muslims to the Assembly and in Sind, by returning 80 per cent League Muslims to the Assembly. In the Punjab we have, by the grace of Allah, captured 90 per cent.

"There is an argument put forward that we shall not be able to form ministries. How can we do so with the Constitution as it is?

"In the Punjab, the Muslim League had to contend against strong forces, firstly, against the Glancy-Khizar combination, and secondly, against black-marketeers' money on the Congress side. Fighting against these adversaries, the Muslim League has ended imperialism in the Punjab.

SERIOUS HANKY-PANKY

"There is no hiding the fact that we have not been successful in the Frontier Province. But there is a long story behind it. In the Assembly itself, there are those who have become showboys and agents of the Congress, but, I can assure you, the Pathan at heart is with the Muslim League.

I believe, the Hindus who are now gloating over the Frontier will soon have to rue the day My information is that this so-called success is entirely due to the serious hanky-panky that has taken place, and it may be revealed and the mystery may be shown to the public very soon".

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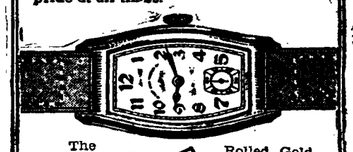

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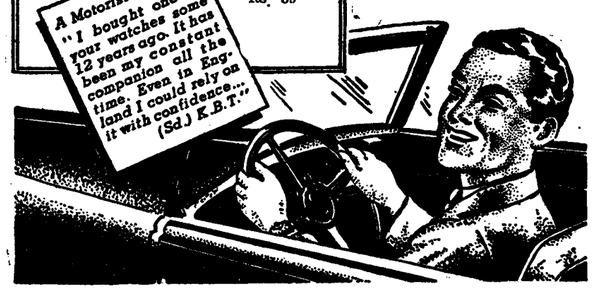
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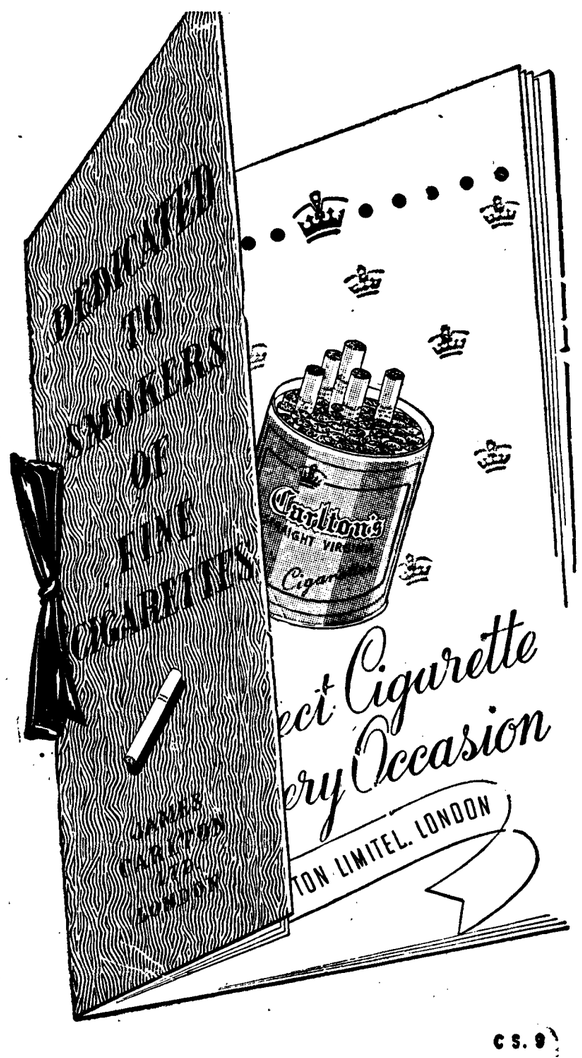

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REGULAR COMMISSIONS IN THE POST-WAR INDIAN ARMY

SECOND COURSE
(INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN)

Applications are now invited for the Second Course for training for the Regular Officer cadre of the Indian Army.

1. A candidate must be a British subject of Indian domicile or descent or a subject of an Indian State

2. A candidate for the Second Course, which starts in August 1946, must have passed his 18th birthday but not have attained his 21st on 1st July 1946

3. The minimum educational standards acceptable are Matriculation, Senior Cambridge, School Leaving Certificate or the Indian Army Special Certificate. A high measure of proficiency in English is essential.

4. All candidates will have to pass a Services Selection Board and a Medical Board.

5. The Second Course will be of eighteen months' duration. It will be conducted at the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun.

APPLICATIONS

Applications forms can be obtained from any of the following:

Headquarters of a Military Brigade,
Brigade Area or Sub Area.
Recruiting Office.
University or College.

These forms, on completion, will be forwarded to the nearest Military Brigade, Brigade Area or Sub-Area Headquarters. On receipt of the completed form, the military commander concerned will call up suitable candidates for interview.

CLOSING DATE FOR APPLICATIONS

As no applications which are received after the 15th March, 1946, can be considered by the Director of Selection of Personnel, Meerut, candidates must apply in sufficient time to enable the military commander concerned to call them for interview, and to communicate the result to the Director of Selection of Personnel before that date.

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Who Will Rule The Punjab?

KHIZAR BUSY ENLISTING CONGRESS HIGH COMMAND SUPPORT

But Akalis Can Turn The Scales

LAHORE, FEB. 24 (A.P.I.): WITH THE COMPLETION OF THE FINAL PICTURE OF THE PARTY POSITION IN THE PUNJAB ASSEMBLY, REPRESENTATIVES OF DIFFERENT PARTIES ARE ENGAGED IN EXPLORING THE VARIOUS POSSIBILITIES FOR THE FORMATION OF A NEW MINISTRY. THE ALTERNATIVES ARE: (1) LEAGUE-CONGRESS COALITION, (2) CONGRESS-UNIONIST-AKALI COALITION AND (3) LEAGUE-AKALI-INDEPENDENT COALITION.

KHIZAR BUSY

It is believed that Malik Khizar Hyat Khan Tiwana has for some time past been endeavouring to enlist the support of the Congress Party and the recent releases of Security Prisoners by the Punjab Government were intended to facilitate the formation of a Congress-Unionist Coalition. The Punjab Premier's negotiations with the Congress High Command have been proceeding through Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, the Punjab Congress leader, who returned from Bombay today after seeking the advice of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. The attitude of the Congress, however, is not expected to be finally known until the visit of Maulana Azad to Lahore on February 27.

Akali Party, without whose support a Congress-Unionist Coalition cannot become a reality, is meeting at Amritsar to-morrow to formulate its attitude towards the Congress and the Muslim League Parties.

The representatives of the Muslim League and the Akali Party are also reported to be in touch with each other to discuss the terms on which they could form a Coalition Ministry.

PARTY MEETINGS

A meeting of the Punjab Muslim League Parliamentary Board has been called for Sunday, February 24, when the situation will be reviewed and a date will be fixed for a meeting of the newly-elected members of the Muslim League Party.

PARTY POSITION IN PUNJAB ASSEMBLY

LAHORE, Feb. 23 (A. P. I.): The following is the final party position: Muslim League 75, Congress 51, Panthic Akali Sikhs 22, Unionist Party 20, Independents 7. Total 175.

Malik Khizr Hyat Khan, who is at present holding three seats, is expected to resign two seats next week. The actual number of members of the Unionist Party is 18, which includes 13 Muslims, two Hindus and two Scheduled Castes and one Indian Christian.

The Congress Party includes one Muslim, namely Maulana Daud Ghaznavi, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, who has been returned from the East Punjab Labour constituency.

14 Elected Unopposed From C. P. Hindi

JUBBULPORE, Feb. 23 (A.P.I.)—Total number of candidates returned unopposed to the C.P. Legislative Assembly from Mahakoshal (C.P. Hindi) is 14, including three Scheduled Caste people and one woman.

Amongst the unopposed candidates are Pandit Dwarkaprasad Mishra, former Minister (Congress), Subhadra Kumari Chauhan (Congress) and Kashiprasad Pande.

Mr. V. R. Kalappa, Congress candidate from Jubbulpore Factory Labour Constituency, is being opposed by Mr. S. Mukerji (Communist).

In Saugor and Chindwara disgruntled Congress workers are opposing official Congress candidates by organising rival Congress Committees.

WALK-OVER FOR LEAGUER

AMRAOTI (Berar), Feb 24 (A.P.I.)—Mir Abdus Sattarkhan Ahmedkhan, Pleader, Akola (Muslim League) being the only nominated candidate from West Berar Mohammedan Urban Constituency was declared elected unopposed to C.P. Assembly today

Walkover For Rajan

TRICHINOPOLY, Feb. 22 (A.P.I.): Only one nomination that of Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, having been filed, Dr. Rajan will be declared elected member of the Madras Legislative Council from the Trichy District Constituency.

INDIA TO GET AUSTRALIAN WHEAT

It has been officially revealed in Canberra that Australia, in collaboration with the Combined Food Board and the British Food Ministry, will this year export a million tons of food, of which India will get a considerable share.

EVE DEMANDS FIFTY-FIFTY

MADRAS, Feb. 23 (A.P.I.)—Two ladies Tripurasundariammal and Mrs. Saraswati Pandurangam went on hunger-strike this afternoon, it is alleged, as a protest against the poor representation given to women in the selection of Congress candidates for ensuing Provincial Assembly elections.

It is stated their representations to the Central and Provincial Parliamentary Boards in this connection failed to have any effect and hence they have resorted to hunger-strike. They posted themselves in front of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee office and were there until a late hour in the evening.

They told pressmen that women who formed more than 50 per cent of the population and who were prepared to take an equal part with the men in the struggle for national freedom should be given 50 per cent of the seats in the Legislatures as well. They added that if the leaders of the country were sincere, they should see the reasonableness of their demands and concede them immediately.

AHMEDABAD STRIKE OF RAILWAYMEN ENDS

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 24, (API): The strike of Railwaymen has been called off and all the trains will run from today.

The District Magistrate has given assurance that the cut in three weeks' ration of workers prior to 21st February, will be restored to them. On his behalf the Food Controller has assured that Sec. 144 will be withdrawn immediately as also that no victimization of strikers will take place. He said that non rationed food articles will be supplied in larger quantities and workers would get the pay of the strike days.

ALL TRAINS FROM AHMEDABAD RUN NORMALLY

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 24, (API): All the trains on the B.B. and C.I. Railway are running normally today.

Communists Fail

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 24.—Attempts were made by the local Communists to call on Ahmedabad Textile Labour workers on sympathetic strike with Railway workers but owing to vigorous campaign by the Ahmedabad Majur Mahajan all attempts to this end have failed.

The question of Railway Workers' Strike was discussed at Congress Workers' meeting this evening and they have decided to seek the advice of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

13,861 Discharged

NEW DELHI, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.)—The total number of surplus men discharged upto January 31, 1946 is 13,861, of whom 1,920 were discharged during January, says a 'communique.' Against this the number of surplus staff re-absorbed up to January 31, 1946, is 12,909 of whom 3,250 were absorbed during January 1946.

ON RAILWAYS

From a forecast made by the Railways, it appears that the number of surplus men likely to be discharged during the month of February, 1946, will be about 1,000 and the number of surplus staff likely to be re-absorbed will be about 1,300.

FIVE LAKHS FOR COTTAGE INDUSTRIES

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Feb. 24 (A. P. I.): H. E. H. the Nizam's Government has allotted five lakhs of rupees from the Excess Profit-Tax for development of cottage industries. Nawab Liaquat Jung Bahadur, Member, Commerce and Industries, announced this at a meeting of women.

BR. EMPIRE IN REVOLT

"Chicago Tribune" Tip To Bevin

CHICAGO, FEB. 23 (REUTER): UNDER THE HEADING "THE GREAT OPPRESSOR" THE "CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE" TODAY ASSERTS EDITORIALLY "THE BRITISH EMPIRE IS IN FERMENT OF REVOLT."

Revolts against the Empire to-day may, if they are successful, result in confusion that Mr. Ernest Bevin fears. The desire for self-government does not always connote the ability to exercise it. But revolutionists are following the path which more than a century and a half of experience has shown to be the only feasible method of abating British Imperial tyranny.

If Mr. Bevin can placate revolutionists and make the British Empire, what he falsely boasts if already is, he will be a far greater man than any of his predecessors.

ACADEMY OF ART FOR INDIA

Govt. Changes I. & B. Dept. Into Information And Art

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22 (A.P.I.): Sir Akbar Hydari, Member, Information and Broadcasting, at a Press Conference to-day announced that Government of India have decided to create an Art Section in the Department of Information and Broadcasting which from to-morrow will be known as the Department of Information and Arts.

An initial grant of Rs. two lakhs has been made for the activities of this section. The Art section, it is stated is purely of an experimental nature.

A Press Note explaining the creation of this new section says: "It function will be to encourage the arts in India including sculpture, painting, music, drama, dancing, etc., and to preserve national art treasures. At a time when considerable thought is being given both by Government and the public to development schemes concerned with India's industries, education and trade it is considered appropriate that some attention should also be given to the advancement of the arts in India which are at present in urgent need of assistance.

INDIAN ACADEMY OF ART

"The intention is not that Government should itself attempt to direct the course of Indian artistic activities in the direction favoured by any particular school but rather to assist artists to help themselves by the adoption of high standards and to gain a proper place for themselves in national life. It will not be the function of the arts section to educate individual artists; it will concern itself more with the adoption of recognised standards among artists, possibly through the formation of an Indian Academy of Arts.

As start of its work, the section will arrange exhibitions in India and abroad with the object of drawing attention to Indian culture, past and present. It will also devote itself to the care of national art treasures and their accessibility to the public."

ALL UNITED ON INDEPENDENCE

Present Tension In India Can't Be Allowed To Continue Any Longer

LONDON, Feb. 23 (U.P.I.): "Goodwill exists today but it may well be lost if the present tension in India itself is allowed to continue for any length of time" said Mr. Hopkin Morris, member of the All Party British Parliamentary Delegation which has just returned here from India giving his impression of the India tour.

Mr. Morris adds: "The demand for independence now gathered to itself such a degree of emotional fervour that any show of reason is promptly swept aside and all sections of Indian opinion including Indian States are united upon this one demand "Independence". All parties too stress the urgent need for the pronouncement of its intentions by His Majesty's Government immediately the present elections in India are over."

Concluding Mr. Morris referred to internal differences in India and says the solution of these differences would depend upon the ability of Britain to achieve free and equal working of partnership in the British Commonwealth and India or Indias which is a major issue."

Sealdah Station Strike Ends

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24 (A.P.I.): The Bengal-Assam Railway staff at Sealdah Station, the Calcutta terminus of the Railway, returned to work this morning after a one-day strike and train services on the railway are running normally.

Yesterday's strike was in sympathy with R.I.N. ratings in Bombay and Karachi.

City trams also resumed service to-day after a one day's strike by the workers. All transport services are plying in the city today.

Attlee's Statement Is Timely

Delhi Reaction: Pakistan May Prove A Hurdle For Delegation

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 23.

Premier Attlee's statement on India is regarded here as unique and timely. It shows the great anxiety of the British Government to solve the Indian question without further delay. Never before in the history of the Indo-British relations was a Cabinet delegation with full powers sent out to India to reach a settlement of the constitutional issue. Lord Montague, thirty years ago, came out in pursuance of the 1917 Declaration and had to report to the British Cabinet. Sir Stafford Cripps four years ago came out with a "take it or leave it" offer and had to keep Mr. Churchill's Cabinet fully posted and take his instructions from it. The Cabinet Delegation announced yesterday is coming out with full powers to negotiate and reach a final agreement of the Indian issue. Then again Sir Stafford Cripps carried his negotiations independently of the Viceroy which roused suspicion and criticism.

Under the new plan Lord Wavell may be an integral part of the British Delegation and be a party to all negotiations. It is interesting to note that both Sir Stafford Cripps and Lord Wavell have plans.

BASIS OF NEGOTIATIONS

The basis of negotiations will be the Wavell plan Number 2 the corner stones of which are interim Central Government drawn from political parties and the setting up of a Constitution-Making Body not only to draw up a new constitution but also to reach a treaty with Great Britain The first hurdle for the delegation will be a demand for Pakistan and it shall have to reach a definite and final conclusion on that issue.

The delegation is expected in New Delhi by the end of March by which time almost all the Provincial election results will be known. Although official circles here would like the delegation to make arrangements for holding consultations it is presumed an invitation to the Congress and the League to send its accredited representatives there by the end of March will be shortly issued by the Viceroy. Meanwhile the Reform Commissioner's department is keeping all available material ready for discussion. New Delhi will be the venue of discussions.

TIP TO BRITISH MISSION

No Tinkering With Indian Problem

LONDON, Feb. 24 (Reuter): Disturbances in India provide the leading story in all London Sunday papers today. Most carry front page streamer headlines referring to street battles and number of deaths.

Writing in the Left-Wing 'Reynolds News'—which has a nine column bannerhead "Bombay Becomes An Armed Camp"—its Bombay correspondent comments "one lesson of this flare-up must not be ignored. British statesmanship must ensure that India's natural demand for freedom and self-government is no longer tinkered with

The British Cabinet Mission would make a good start by announcing general amnesty for all political prisoners, withdrawal of Indian troops from Indonesia and stopping of trials of Indian National Army officers.

The revolt of Indian ratings is a symbol of disease—complete distrust of Britain's good intentions towards India. Gunfire may be able to restore order temporarily; what is necessary, however, is the restoration of good will which can be achieved by generosity.

The same paper comments editorially referring to the forthcoming Cabinet Mission: "The presence of Cabinet Ministers' should convince Indian leaders that this time they are dealing with the British Government which is honestly determined to overcome all obstacles.

"Meanwhile mutiny and riot are not helping India. They play into the hands of those reactionaries who would like nothing better than to create a situation in which some terrible deed of blood make any peaceful settlement impossible."

DEMAND FOR SANCTIONS AGAINST SOUTH AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 23 (Reuter)—The Indian Government will be asked to impose economic sanctions and break diplomatic relations with the Union, if the South African Government continues with its present policy of segregation, said Dr Y. M. Dadoo, President of the Transvaal Indian Congress in an interview today

He said that South African Indians were determined to enlist world support for their fight The delegation which left during the week aims at a Round Table Confereoce between the Government of India and the South African Government to discuss ways of modifying the Union's present Indian legislation. Dr. Dadoo said one of the ways by which Indians hoped to achieve their demands was to draw international attention to the Indian question in this country. Indians also hoped to place facts before the United Nations Council in America.

Balogh Appointed Tagore Law Lecturer

CALCUTTA, Feb. 23 (A.P.I.)—The Calcutta University Senate today by 24 votes to 8 appointed Prof. T. M. R. Balogh of Witwatirer and University (Johannesburg) as Tagore Law Lecturer of the University for 1944 to deliver a course of lectures on "Adaptation of Law to economic conditions."

Members who opposed the proposal objected to the appointment in view of the Indian policy pursued in South Africa.

In this connection a reference was made to a letter received by Dr. Shyamaprasad Mookerjee from Sir Safaat Ahmad Khan, ex-High Commissioner for India in South Africa, who said that Prof. Balogh was not a South African but a Hungarian and had nothing to do with South Africa's anti-Indian policy

TRANSFER OF POWER TO INDIA

Students To Consider Avyaktananda's Proposals

LONDON, Feb. 23 (Reuter): Indian students are meeting tomorrow to discuss the proposals outlined by Swami Avyaktananda of the Indian Independence Union for transference of power from Britain to India.

Swami Avyaktananda's scheme calls for a constitution making body to be convened by ten Hindus, ten Muslims and ten representatives of other communities in British India and three Muslims, three Hindus and three representatives of other communities in Indian States. The transference of power should take place, says Avyaktananda, between Britain and a provisional government in India consisting of a president and 24 members—six Hindus from British India and two from Indian States with equal representation for Muslims and representatives of other communities.

Indian Securities Decline In London

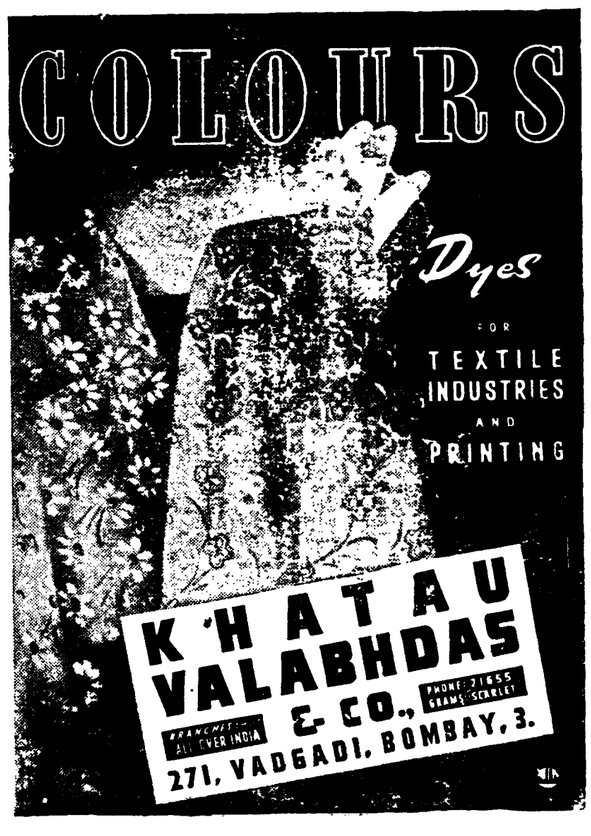
LONDON, Feb. 22 (U. P. A.): The Daily Mail's' City editorial today records a stock exchange decline in Indian securities.

Rising tea shares fell six pence to one shilling and sixpence. Calcutta and Delhi Electricity shares fell one shilling and sixpence.

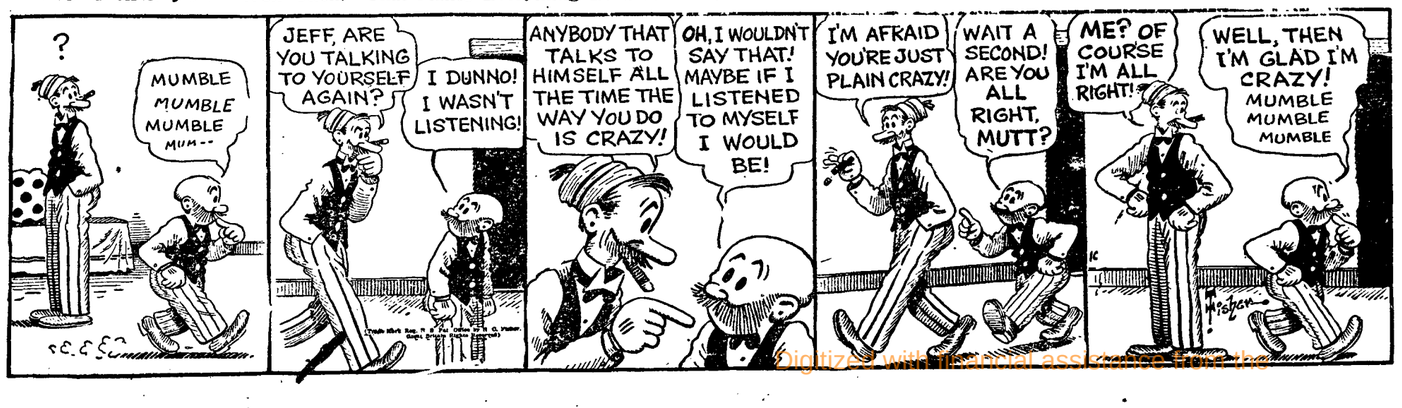
Indian Bank shares remained steady.

The editor also quotes a New York bank's report of the increasing demand for pound sterling exchange, which is the result of American purchases of jute and burlap from India.

RYTHM
CIGARETTES
More soothing and satisfying than the liking melody of a slow foxtrot are Rythm cigarettes—the outcome of the skilful blending of rare tobaccos.
Four Annas for Ten.
G. T. 250
GOLDEN TOBACCO CO., BOMBAY 24.



MUTT AND JEFF—Well Then, That Makes Everything Even All Around And No Harm Done By BUD FISHER


?
MUMBLE MUMBLE MUMBLE MUM--
JEFF, ARE YOU TALKING TO YOURSELF AGAIN?
I DUNNO! I WASN'T LISTENING!
ANYBODY THAT TALKS TO HIMSELF ALL THE TIME THE WAY YOU DO IS CRAZY!
OH, I WOULDN'T SAY THAT! MAYBE IF I LISTENED TO MYSELF I WOULD BE!
I'M AFRAID YOU'RE JUST PLAIN CRAZY!
WAIT A SECOND! ARE YOU ALL RIGHT, MUTT?
ME? OF COURSE I'M ALL RIGHT!
WELL, THEN I'M GLAD I'M CRAZY! MUMBLE MUMBLE MUMBLE

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

PERSONAL

The Crisis in a Woman's Life is the title of an instructive English medical booklet explaining in simple language why the fears and suffering so dreaded by women in their forties are quite unnecessary. Booklets posted free to all genuine applicants. Write Menopax Department (C), Post Box 5051, Bombay 9. 6593

MATRIMONIAL

Introductions for friendship, matrimony, trade. 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League, Chhi-li-ient Agra Estd. 1935 Members 15614 (Both) Specimen Magazine -/5/-. (5513)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately one experienced Designer and one Card-Cutter Also art silk-warpers for sectional warping. Apply the Nanikram Sobhraj Mills Ltd., Railwaypura, Ahmedabad. (6795)

Wanted one hard working architectural Draughtsman who has experience in architects' Office. Apply with testimonials to Box No 6694, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Superintendent, Religious Teacher and Office Assistants knowing office routine for Vidyarthigrihas at Bombay and Ahmedabad. Applications stating age, study, experience and salary should reach Honorary Secretaries, Shri Mahavira Jaina Vidyalaya, Bombay 26, before the 1st March. Knowledge of Gujarati essential. (917)

Wanted a Hindu Typist knowing accounts preferably stenotypist. State minimum pay acceptable to Messrs. Bawa Parduman Singh & Sons, Chandra Chowk, M. J. Market, Bombay. 2. (551)

Wanted A Smart And Fast Typist. Salary according to qualifications. Canvassers, and clerks, both ladies and gentlemen, to book stalls for the Indian Empire Exhibition. Interview: Indian Empire Exhibition, Top Floor, Co-operative Insurance Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay 1. (966)

Wanted for an immediate appointment B.A. or B.Com. with long business office experience to work as a clerk. Apply immediately stating age and salary expected to: Personnel Manager, Lily Oil Industries Ltd., Post Alembic Chemical Works Co., Ltd., Baroda. (6813)

Wanted smart and honest young matriculates as Booking-clerks for an up-to-date Theatre. Cash Security essential. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 960 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted to join immediately an experienced Managing clerk for a Solicitors office. Graduates preferred. Apply stating qualifications and salary required, to Box No. 964 "Bombay Chronicle."

FINANCIAL

Wanted a financier to invest Rs. 30 to 50 thousands for the complete all India organisation of an old Insurance & Banking firm. Security & profits against investment guaranteed. Apply Box No. 965 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Failed (Preliminary) Matriculates may appear at Senior Cambridge Examination. Mathematics, second language omissible. Oral/postal training. Evening classes. Bombay Tutorial College, Opposite Jermahal, Dhobitalao. (875)

Final Opportunity enroll immediately Senior Cambridge evening classes. Fees moderate non-Matrics eligible principal. Cambridge Classes, Master's Tutorial High School, Kennedy Bridge, Grant Road. (956)

HOTELS AND HEALTH RESORTS

See Naini Tal and stay in Rohilla Lodge. A first class boarding house for all nationalities. Nice Sceneries, neat and clean. Apply manager. (952)

BUSINESS OFFERS

A Very Huge consignment of Electric Irons 115 Volts 550 & 650 Watts is expected very shortly. Interested parties please communicate your requirements to Harbans Lall Malhotra & Sons Ltd. 11, Clive St., Calcutta 962

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted immediately good, original or adapted stories in English Hindustani, Gujerati, and Marathi for screen. Payment upto Rs. 5,000/- on approval either with or without modification. Rejected stories would be returned promptly, but no responsibility is accepted for loss or damage in transit. Write to Eastern Pictures. Dadar, Bombay 14. (943)

A Rare Business Opportunity Commercial Textile Corporation. Manufacturers of High-class Hosiery Shirts invites enquiries from Wholesale Hosiedy Merchants and Exporters. Correspond with Sole concessionnaries V. DAS & Co., Camp Bazar Cannanore. (Malabar) 6483

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Fire Bricks, Fire Blocks, Fireclays of High Grade, Magnesia Composition, S. W Pipes etc available from ready with The Ishwar Industries, Ltd., Ishwar Nagar Delhi 6416

PUBLIC NOTICES

. ANNOUNCEMENT

THE CATHEDRAL and JOHN CONNON SCHOOLS will be closed on MONDAY, February the 25th.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY REQUESTED that all communications to Amrit Banaspati Co., Ltd., may please be addressed to: 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay. (6808)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

The following Polling Stations in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District have been fixed for elections from the General Constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly to be held on Monday, the 11th March, 1946 and are published with reference to rule 20 (1) of the Bombay Legislative Assembly Electoral (Elections and Election Petitions) Rules, 1936.

STATEMENT A—BOMBAY CITY.

I. Bombay City (Fort, Mandvi, Bhuleshwar & Girgaum) Urban Constituency.

S. NO.	WARD & DIVISION.		POLLING STATION.
1.	A 1 Upper Colaba.	Cooperage University Hall	for MEN for WOMEN
2.	A 2 Fort North and Esplanade.	Southern part of Esplanade Maidan.	for MEN & WOMEN
3.	B 3 Mandvi, Chakla	Municipal Playground at Chinchbunder.	for MEN & WOMEN
4.	B 4 Umerkhadi & Dongri	Municipal Playground, North of Dongri Municipal School.	for MEN & WOMEN
5.	C 5 Kharatalao and Kumbharwada	Northbrooke Garden	for MEN & WOMEN
6.	C 6 Bhuleshwar & Market	Esplanade Maidan, Cruickshank Road St. Xavier's High School, Carnac Road	for MEN for WOMEN
7.	C 7 Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi	Southern Side of I.T.F. Maidan, Mahatma Gandhi Road	for MEN & WOMEN
8.	D 8 Khetwadi, Tardeo	Gilder Tank Maidan, Lamington Road, Modern School, Sicka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road	for MEN for WOMEN
9.	D 9 Girgaum-Chaupati	Gowalia Tank Maidan St. Columba High School, Alexandra Rd.	for MEN, for WOMEN
10.	D 10 Walkeshwar-Mahalaxmi	Haji Alli Baug, Corner of Hornby Vellard and Clerk Road	for MEN & WOMEN

II. Bombay City (Byculla and Parel) Urban Constituency.

11.	E 11 Mazagaon-Tadwadi	Municipal Land on Mazagaon Site	for MEN & WOMEN
12.	E 12 1st & 2nd Nagpada-Kamathipura	Municipal Playground, 2nd Peerkhan Street	for MEN & WOMEN
13.	E 13 Byculla	Y.M.C.A. Play-ground Wylie Road, Agripada	for MEN & WOMEN for MEN & WOMEN
14.	F 14 Parel	Bhiwajirao Nare Park, Parel	
15.	F 15 Sewree-Naigaum	Municipal Playground opp. Bhoiwada Police Station	for MEN & WOMEN
16.	F 16 Matunga	Vacant plot, opp. Ram Narain Ruia College, Dadar Ram Narain Ruia College	for MEN for WOMEN

III. Bombay City North & Bombay Suburban District Urban Constituency.

17.	G 17 Dadar-Mahim	Shivaji Park, Dadar	for MEN & WOMEN
18.	G 18 Prabhadevi-Worli	Nardulla Tank Maidan, Sayani Road, Parbhadevi	for MEN & WOMEN
19.	G 19 Chinchpokli & Lovegrove	Vacant land near Compound of Maharashtra High School, DeLisle Road, opp. Mosque (Rangari Chawl Compound)	for MEN & WOMEN

STATEMENT B—BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT

S. NO.	POLLING STATION	PLACE	AREA UNDER THE POLLING STATIONS
1.	Bandra	Open compound behind Municipal Schools, opp. Bandra Municipal Office (Mandap)	Bandra Municipal Wards A, B, C & F and Parigh Khar Village.
2.	Khar	Laxmi Nagar Pavellion 10th Road, Khar	Bandra Municipal Wards, D and E
3.	Santa-Cruz	Anandilal Podar High School Compound, Ghodbunder Road (Mandap)	Bandra Municipal Wards, G, H & I, Juhu (including Municipal Area) and Kole Kalyan.
4.	Vile Parle-East	Tilak Mandir, Vile Parle East	Parle-Andheri Municipal Ward A.
5.	Vile-Parle-West	St. Xavier's Middle School, Church Compound.	Parle-Andheri Municipal Wards B & C.
6.	Andheri	Seth Madhavdas Amarsey High School Compound (Mandap)	1. Andheri Municipal Wards D, E & F; 2. Ambivli; 3. Are; 4. Bamanwada; 5. Bandivali; 6. Chakala; 7. Daravli 8. Gundavli; 9. Goregaon; 10. Ismalia; 11. Kondivta; 12. Marole; 13 Majas, 14. Madh; 15. Mogra; 16. Mulgaon; 17. Oshivra; 18. Pahadi; 19. Parajpur; 20. Vesava; 21. Vyaravli; 22. Yerangal.
7.	Malad	Open Compound near Nahalchand Lalluchand English Middle School (Mandap)	1. Akse; 2. Charkhop; 3. Chinchavli; 4. Dindosi; 5. Kurar; 6. Malad (including N.A.C. Area); 7. Malavani; 8. Manori; 9. Marve; 10. Valnai; 11. Wadhwan.
8.	Kandivli	Vyayam Mandir, Kandivli	Kandivli (including N.A.C. Area), Akurli and Poisar.
9.	Borivli	Borivli Khot's Bungalow, Ghodbunder Road	Borivli (including N.A.C. Area), Dahisar, Eksar, Gorai, Kaneri, Magathne, Mandapeshwar, Shimpavli.
10.	Kurla-A	Swadeshi Mills Compound (Mandap)	Chowki bhatti, Khajuribhatti, Kasai Wada, Railway Quarters, Chunabhatti and Swadeshi Mill Ward.
11.	Kurla-B	Open Compound between the Police Lines (Mandap)	Station Ward and Takia Ward.
12.	Kurla-C	Open Compound behind G. E. Society's High School (Mandap)	New Mill, Bazar Ward, Village Ward, Nawapada, Hall Ward, Asalpe, Bapnale, Chendavali, Mohill, Pawai, Saki and Shahar.
13.	Chembur	District Local Board School Premises (Mandap)	1. Anik; 2. Borla; 3. Chembur; 4. Dovnar; 5. Mankhurd; 6. Manbudruk; 7. Mandala; 8. Mahul; 9. Maravli; 10. Nanale; 11. Trombay; 12 Wadhavali.
14.	Ghatkopar	Hindu Sabha Compound (Mandap)	Ghatkoper-Kirol (including Municipal Area), Hariyali and Vikhroli.
15.	Mulund	District Local Board School, Narottam Road (Mandap)	1. Bhandup; 2. Gundgaon; 3. Kanjur; 4. Klerabad; 5. Kopri; 6. Mulund; 7. Nahur; 8. Paspoli; 9. Sai; 10. Tirandaj; 11. Tulsi & 12 Tungave.

Old Custom House Yard, Fort.
Bombay, 23rd February 1946.

G. V. BEDEKAR,
Collector of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District and Returning Officer.
(6801)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY

REVISION OF TRAIN SERVICES ON KALYAN-KARJAT SECTION

With effect from 1st March, 1946, the timings of 305 Dn. and 306 Up local trains between Kalyan and Ambarnath as well as 774 Up local train between Kalyan and Karjat will be revised as under. One additfonal local train each way to and from Bombay will run between Kalyan and Karjat to the following timings:—

Additional train 313 Dn.	305 Dn.			Additional train 306 Up.	314 Up.	774 Up.	
H.M.	H.M.			H.M.	H.M.	H.M.	A
8-29	6-50	D.	Kalyan	A 7-14	10-41	12-20	
8-38	6-58	A.	Ambarnath	D. 7-06	10-32	12-09	
6-48		D.	Badlapur	,,	10-22	11-59	
9-00		,,	Vangani	,,	10-10	11-47	
9-09		,,	Neral	,,	10-01	11-37	
9-18		,,	Bhivpuri Rd.	,,	9-52	11-28	
9-30		A	Karjat	,,	9-44	11-20	V
						(6809)	

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Sngnanee Lecturer in Pharmacy in the scale of Rs. 200-20-400-25-500.

Six type-written copies of the application made on the prescribed form, together with six copies of testimonials, should be forwarded so as to reach the Registrar, University of Bombay, BEFORE 9TH MARCH, 1946. Forms of application can be had from the Registrar.

The post will be on probation for two years and is non-pensionable, but the Lecturer will be required to subscribe to the University Provident Fund.

The Lecturer should possess a degree of a recognized University in Pharmacy and should have adequate experience in research, teaching and works practice. The Lecturer will work in the section of Pharmaceuticals and Fine Chemicals under the Reader in Pharmaceutical Chemistry and the Director of the Department, and he will be required to conduct research in his subject.

The applicants should give full details regarding their age, education and training, teaching, research and practical experience and a list of publications.

Canvassing direct or indirect will be a disqualification.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
(6805)

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the work of erection of a Library Building in the Compound of the Poona Club Ltd., at Bund Garden Road, Poona, will be received at the office of the Secretary, Poona Club Ltd., Poona, on Wednesday, 6th March, 1946, before 5 p.m.

No Tender will be accepted unless accompanied with a Deposit of Rs. 2,000/- Rupees Two Thousand, preferably in Government Securities. No interest will be allowed on deposits paid in cash or by cheques.

Plans, Conditions of Contract and Specification of works may be seen at the office of the Secretary, Poona Club Ltd., Poona or the undersigned during office hours.

Copies of Form of Tender can be had at the Office of the Secretary, Poona Club Ltd., or the undersigned on payment of Rs. 3/- Rupees Three per each set.

The owners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

SHAPOORJEE N. CHANDABHOY & CO.,
Architects, etc.
Advani Chambers,
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road,
Fort, Bombay.
22nd February, 1946.
(6811)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
THAKKAR VASSONJI LECTURESHIP—1945 47

THE SYNDICATE of the University of Bombay hereby invite applications for the appointment of the Lecturer for the year 1946-47. The Lecturer will be required to deliver in Bombay during the cold weather term of that year, i.e., during the period between November, 1946, and March, 1947, a course of about six lectures on a subject connected with Gujarati Literature or the History of Gujarat. The Honorarium for the whole course is Rs. 1,000. No travelling or other allowances will be paid. Applications giving full details regarding the academic attainments and other qualifications of the candidates should reach the Registrar, University of Bombay, NOT LATER THAN THE 15TH MARCH, 1946.

By Order.
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 18th February, 1946.
(6808)

POSTPONEMENT OF RECEPTION

THE UNDERSIGNED very much regret to announce that the reception in celebration of the wedding of Mr. Sultanali Qassamally Jairazbhoy with Miss Shahsultan Cassamally Munjee which was to have been held on the Members Lawn, Royal Western India Turf Club, Mahalaxmi on Tuesday the 26th instant at 5-30 P.M has been postponed.

ALHAJJA KHURSHED KHANUM JAIRAZBHOY,
Baitul Yumn, Jairazbhoy Lane
Warden Road, Bombay.
Mr. & Mrs. CASSAMALLY MUNJEE.
Amar Building.
Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road,
Fort, Bombay.

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
Head Office: Hornby Road, Bombay.

Under the New Business Expansion Programme of the Company applications are invited for the posts of Senior and Junior Inspectors on Salary, T. A. and Conveyance Expenses from gentlemen having at least three years' experience of New Business production and field work. Age between 28 and 38. Apply stating full particulars to the Agency Manager, Empire of India Life Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. 6807

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
PUBLIC NOTICE
"Holi Festival."

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY warned that no holes should be dug up in any street in connection with the "Holi" festival, without the written permission of the undersigned, as provided in Section 322 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

No holes will be allowed in streets traversed by tramways or treated with a permanent mode of construction such as sheet asphalt or sett-stones or concrete. Permission for digging holes in roads water-bound or surface dressed with bitumen tar macadam, etc., will be granted, free of charge, for a period not exceeding six days (i.e., for the full moon day and the following five days) on application to the City Engineer not later than 10th March, 1946, on receipt of an undertaking that the holes so made will be filled in immediately after the festival and reinstated to their original condition to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.

U. M. MIRCHANDANI,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 11th February, 1946.
(6804)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ESARDAS RAMDAS and PRATHADAS HEMRAJ of Messrs. BHAVANIDAS & CO., Srrofis and Merchants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Cama Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece of Fazandari land with dwelling house thereon, situate at the junction of Nagdevi Street and Bibijan Street containing by admeasurement 189 Sq. Yds., bearing Cadastral Survey No. 718 of Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 364 Nagdevi Street Nos. 57 and 59 and Bibijan Street No. 3-13 and bounded on the West by Nagdevi Street and on the North by Bibijan Street.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1946.

HIRALAL M. MEHTA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6815

AUCTION SALES

Auction Sale about 21 lathes of different sizes and makers drilling and boring machines, motor driven and other naval store materials.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, Messrs. BENNET & CO., will today Monday, the 25th February, 1946, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at New Marine Lines behind Sundrabai Hall, storage sites about 21 English lathes belt drive with countershaft gear of different sizes of different makers such as Colchester, Britannia, Wm. Muir, J. Whitworth, John E. Minit, J. Archdate and others, drilling and boring machines, motor driven, colt and mess lockers, ladders, air compressors, lubricating oil and water heater tanks, C. I. pipes, depth charge rails, steel scrap, gun plate platforms, pressure blower, old furniture, Garner's engine bed plate, Duo-therm heaters, bath tubs and basins, latrines, wooden logs and scrap shaft machinery etc.

Terms: 25 p.c. deposit, balance to be paid within 7 days from the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES

POSTAL NOTICE

Owing to the recent disturbances the undermentioned booking offices shall remain closed till further notified.

(1) Ambewadi (2) Bazar Gate (3) Bhaji Pala Lane (4) Charni Road (5) Chaupati (6) Chamar Baug (7) Chinch Pokli (8) Falkland Road (9) Gokhale Road (10) Hardinge (11) Kala Chowkie (12) Lady Jamshedjee Road (13) Madhav Bagh (14) Masjid (15) Mumbadevi (16) Null Bazar (17) New Nagpada (18) Noor Baugh (19) Ramwadi (20) Ripon Road (21) S. V. Press (22) Shroff Mahajan (23) Thakurdwar (24) Vadgadi.

When order is restored some of the above offices will be reopened.

The public of the localities concerned are requested to tender the Posts & Telegraph business at the nearest other Post & Teleghaph Offices. Holders of Savings Bank Accounts are requested to apply for transfer of such accounts to nearest Post and Telegraph Offices functioning, on the prescribed transfer application forms available at every post office.

Delivery District numbers allotted to localities for the purpose of postal addresses shall continue to remain same. All letter boxes in the town located outside these offices shall continue to be cleared as before when peaceful conditions are restored. Till such time the public are requested not to use the Street Letter Boxes.

The undermentioned Post & Telegraph Delivery Offices shall remain closed for all public transactions. Arrangements for restricted number of deliveries of correspondence arriving to the address of these offices shall be made from other Post Offices noted against each.

DELIVERY AREA OF
Byculla (Bombay 8)
Cadell Road (Bombay 28)
Chinch Bunder (Bombay 9)
Mandvi (Bombay 13)
TO BE SERVED BY
Jacob Circle (Bombay 11)
Dadar (Bombay 14)
Mandvi (Bombay 13)
Matunga (Bombay 19)

Post Box Holders of Chinch Bunder & Byculla Post Offices should call for their mails at Mandvi & Jacob Circle Post Offices respectively where the same will be delivered on production of post box tickets.

S. G. KHAMBATA
(Lt.-Col. Khan Bahadur)
Presidency Postmaster,
Bombay, G. P. O.
D/ 25th Feb. 1946.

POSTAL NOTICE

Owing to the disturbances in the City all Town Sub. Offices in Bombay (within the area upto Mahim on the B.B. & C.I. side and upto Matunga on the G.I.P. side) except those mentioned below and other than those notified as closed, will suspend the booking of the following services till further notified.

1. Insured Letters.
2. Insured Parcels.
3. Ordinary Parcels.
4. Money Orders.

Bombay G.P.O., Colaba, Kalbadevi, Mandvi, Malbar Hill and those other offices where the disturbances have subsided shall be open for all transactions.

S. G. KHAMBATA.
(Lt-Col. Khan Bahadur),
Presidency Postmaster.
Bombay G. P.O.
D/ 25th Feb. 1946.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Estate of Bai DHUNBAIJI, widow of Nanabhai Merwanji Contractor ... Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Bai DHUNJIBAIJI, widow of Nanabhai Merwanji Contractor, late of Bombay Parsi inhabitant who died at Bombay on 19th May, 1945 and the Probate of whose will having effect throughout British India was granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on 14th February, 1946 to Bai Hirabai Behramji Mody and Dossabhoy Hirajt Kabraji, the Executors named in the said Will of the deceased abovenamed, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executors at the office of their Attorneys, Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO. at 14K. Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said Executors will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall have then notice and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognised.

AND all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amount owing by them and/or to deliver up the said securities or property as the case may be to the said Executors at their Attorneys' address aforesaid.

Dated this 22nd day of February, 1946

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Attorneys for the Executors.
14K. Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay
6812

BUSINESS MAGNATES

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